The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1912. NO. 49

FOUND DEAD IN HORSE STALL.

Joseph Carter Died Suddenly from Heart Trouble at Penn Hall.

Joseph Carter, long a resident of Penn Hall, was found dead lying in a horse stall beside the animal he was attending when death overcame him.

Mr. Carter, for ten or twelve years, was employed by merchant C. W. Fisher, at Penn Hall. On Monday morning he came to the Fisher home, took his breakfast, and went to the barn to perform the every day chores. About nine o'clock, Charles Lingle, a farm hand employed by William Sinkabine, had occasion to go to the Fisher barn, and while there discovered the Mr. Carter to be dead, and lying alongside the animal he was caring for. He had not been well for some time, and it is supposed that he died instantly. The fork he had been using lay over his body, and his gloves and cap were not removed.

The young man who made the discovery gave the alarm, and the body was removed to the Carter home at Green Brier. Interment will be made this (Thursday) forenoon, in the Green Brier cemetery. His age was fifty-five years.

Mr. Carter is survived by a wife whose maiden name was Miss Julia Fiedler, sister of William B. Fiedler and Mrs. Frederick K. Carter, of Centre Hall. The children are Mrs. George Long, Farmers Mills; Charles Carter, at home; and William W. Carter who is serving in the U. S. Navy. Mrs. Harrison Bloom, of Pine Grove Mills, and Mrs. James Mowery, of Tyrone, are sisters, and Frederick K Carter, of Centre Hall, is a brother of the deceased.

Show of Corn, Small Grain, Potatoes.

The Pennsylvania Plant Breeders' Association will hold its third annual show at State College, in connection with Farmers' Week from December 26 to January 2.

The show will include corn, small grains and potatoes, which will be judged by competent experts and suitable ribbons awarded for first, second and third prizes. These ribbons are of a beautiful design and will serve as a permanent award of merit. There will also be an opportunity for a display of photographs or other illustrative material which members may care to exhibit.

For further particulars and bulletin apply to C. E. Myers, Secretary-treasurer, State College.

T. R.'s "Square" Deal Crooked.

Mr. Roosevelt gets 11 of the 13 electoral votes of California, and he gets them by fraud so gross and unpardonable that one has little patience with his denunciation of the steam roller in Chicago, even if that machine was any worse in 1912 than it was in 1908, which is denied by the most competent and least partial witnesses we have. Mr. Roosevelt's admirers in California went to the registration offices and swore that they were Republicans, and then voted for electors who were pledged to vote against the Republican ticket and to give their votes to another party, which was pledged to defeat the Republican party and which denounced it and its candidate. The Progressives stole the Republican party name and column, and a law engineered by Governor Johnson, who was Mr. Roosevelt's colleague on the ticket, made it impossible to get Taft electors' names on the ticket except by writing them in. Yet the exponent of the square deal and of the Golden Rule in politics never uttered a word of protest against this crime which was commited in his interest!

Presidents By Popular Votes.

An amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of the President and Vice-President by a direct vote of the people is proposed by Senator Works of California in a resolution introduced by him.

If the American people were making a Constitution to-day as the Fathers of the Republic made one in 1787, that plan would undoubtedly be adopted. Had Presidents been chosen by popular vote, Andrew Jackson and not John Quincy Adams would have been elected in 1824; Samuel J. Tilden and not Rutherford B. Hayes would have been elected in 1876; Grover Cleveland and not Benjamin Harrison would have been elected in 1888.

The Electoral College is a clumsy device in the light of modern experience and modern methods of communication. It is the one conspicuous failure of the Constitution, and its original purpose was long ago nullified by common consent.

Theodore Practiced Vivisection.

The Keystone Gazette in an editorial asks, "Is the Republican party dead?"

In our judgment Theodore so badly used it up that it couldn't pass an examination for insurance on the endowment plan to mature in 1916.

"THE NEW MINISTER."

Home Talent Does Itself Credit in One Act Play—Sexton a Star.

It is with pleasure that the Reporter refers to the thirty persons composing the Heilderburg League of the Reformed church, in Boalsburg, in their one act play entitled "The New Minister," given in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, Friday evening. The play was given under the ausplies of the Christian Endeavor Society of the local Reformed church. The house was crowded, every reserved seat blocked out having been sold.

This was the second rendition of the play by the Boalsburg aggregation. The first effort was in Boal Hall, in the home town, and the third will be in Pine Grove Mills, Friday night of this week.

The play, of course, was humorous in character, and was at the expense of a congregation during the period of selecting and receiving by the various church working bodies of a new minister. The choir, the sewing circle and the ladies' aid society, as well as the daughters of marriageable age in the congregation were prominent in their suggestions, insistant in their manners, and very real, too.

It will not be detracting from the ability and enthusiasm displayed by every participant to say that Albert Gingerich was the real life of the entertainment. He played a prominent part—that of the sexton—and everyone knows that the sexton, a real sexton, is the power behind the throne in every church. Mr. Gingerich was an ideal character, always in line in the crucial hour either with jest or song. In song he was loudly applauded and in comic role greeted with laughter.

Financially the play was also a success, the receipts at the door having been $85 00. After the play the amateurs were given a reception in the basement of the Reformed church, at which a light lunch was served.

Mr. Arnold Again.

In a letter to the Lecture Course Committee, John S. Arnold, manager of the Central Lyceum, has expressed his willingness to send the Commonwealth Male Quartette here some time in January to make good for the failure of the Boston Quartette. The Commonwealth Male Quartette is the musical aggregation that so well pleased in last year's course. This amend on the part of Mr. Arnold cannot fail to please every one who patronizes the course.

It might be mentioned here as an index to the class of lecturer Dr. Lee belongs that he is authorized to collect from the committee $100. He will appear Friday evening.

Penn. Lutheran Ministers Recognized.

Dr. Charles G. Heckert, president of Wittenberg College, was elected president of the national Lutheran educational conference at the close of the sessions in Springfield, Ohio. The Rev. J. A. W. Haas, president of Muhlenberg College, Allentown, is the retiring president.

Other officers were elected as follows: Program committee, the Rev. Doctor Gotwald, York; the Rev. Dr. J. A. W. Haas, Allentown; and W. A. Granville, Gettysburg; secretary and treasurer, the Rev. Dr. C. T. Benze, president of Thiel College, Greenville.

At a business meeting of the third Lutheran student missionary conference, the following officers were elected: President, the Rev. Dr. J. A. W. Haas, of Allentown; vice president, Dr. Luther Kuhlman, Gettysburg Seminary, Gettysburg; treasurer, L. Larson, of Augustana College, Rock Island, Ill.

New Advertisements.

The Centre Reporter is happy to give its patrons through numerous special advertisements an opportunity to see what merchants are offering for the Christmas season. Among the new advertisers are:

A. Kessler, clothier, Millheim.

Montgomery & Co., clothiers, Bellefonte.

J. H. & S. E. Weber, implement dealers, Centre Hall.

W. A. Odenkirk, general merchant, Centre Hall.

The Index Book Store, Bellefonte.

Kreamer & Son, general merchants, Centre Hall.

C. F. Emery, general merchant, Centre Hall.

C. P. Long Co., general merchants, Spring Mills.

Wm. H. Stewart, general merchant, Boalsburg.

F. E. Wieland, general merchant, Linden Hall.

F. V. Goodhart, furniture, Centre Hall.

J. D. Nieman and Company, clothiers, Millheim.

The Reporter Supplement.

The Centre Reporter this week contains a full page supplement, containing several columns of pure local matter, as well as advertising.

Centre Hall's Greatest Need.

"What is Centre Hall's greatest need, and how may it be attained?"

That is a question well worth considering by the citizens of this borough. Of course, we need many things, but what is our greatest need? How shall we get it?

With a view to encourage expressions, The Centre Reporter will give a cash prize of five dollars ($5 00) to the person writing the best article on the question as stated in quotations. The article must be signed, the signature to be used at the option of the person who contributes. The writer of every contribution that is printed in these columns will be given an order for a year's subscription to The Centre Reporter, and will be accepted from any one not now a subscriber.

The decision as to the merits of the contributions will be referred to a committee of three to be named later.

The basis for decision:—

The first half of the question	30 Points
The second half of the question	30 "
Development of the first half	15 "
Development of the second half	15 "
Composition	10 "
	100 "

The columns are open to any one who may have a suggestion to offer as to the greatest need of Centre Hall and how to attain it. The Reporter is offering you this opportunity to give public expression to your thoughts on a question that in your mind bears on the greatest local need, and at the same time will give a small reward for your efforts.

The cash reward will be paid only provided five or more contributions are received. The time will be extended until April 1st, 1913.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

Brown-Moyer.

On Thursday afternoon of last week, at the Reformed parsonage in Centre Hall, Fred Brown and Miss Blanche Moyer, both of Colyer, were united in marriage by Rev. R. R. Jones. The groom is a son of Mrs. Frank Brown, and has been engaged on a farm during the past year. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moyer, and will make an ideal helpmate for the man of her selection.

His Promises.

Charles Sumner Bird, who was the Progressive candidate for Governor of Massachusetts, is responsible for the statement that Mr. Roosevelt will not again be a candidate for President. Mr. Bird professes to have obtained this information from Mr. Roosevelt himself, all of which is interesting but not important. Could any promise that Mr. Roosevelt made to Mr. Bird be more valid than the promise that he made to all the American people on the night of Nov. 8, 1904—"under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination"?

Aaronsburg.

The United Evangelicals closed their meeting on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tomlinson are at present visiting in Clearfield.

Mrs. Emanuel Gulsewite is at present taking care of Mrs. William Krape.

Mr. and Mrs. Gulsewite spent the Sabbath with the former's brother-in-law, along Pine Creek.

Alice Zimmerman and Helen Colyer, of Millheim, were guests at the home of Effie Weaver.

Mrs. E. G. Mingle was at State College last week at the home of her brother-in-law, I P. Adams.

Mrs. William Marr, of Philipsburg, made her annual visit to her aged mother, Mrs. Aaron Weaver.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Meyer and son John, of Coburn, called a few hours at the home of G. J. Weaver.

Henry Mowery, of Madisonburg, and Mrs. C. C. Bell, of Altoona, spent Sunday with Mrs. Norah Leitzell.

Mrs. Lenker and daughter Miss Sue returned home from visiting the former's children at Lemont and Bellefonte.

Mrs. Mary Burd, who was staying with friends at State College during the past few months, is at home with the children.

Walter Orwig has returned to Altoona to resume his work at the car shops, after spending over a month with his family here.

The Pink Label.

The Pink Label appears on this issue. This means that all subscribers who paid subscription between September 10th and December 10th will for the first time have credit on their labels. The Pink Label appears on all wrappers, whether or not you have paid subscription.

If you have not received proper credit for subscription paid report at once.

Christmas Post Cards.

Christmas post cards are on sale at the Reporter office at the popular price of fifteen cents per dozen. Sent by mail, postage paid. Every card is new.

LETTERS FROM SUBSCRIBERS.

Short and Interesting Communications from Western People.

Editor Reporter:

Enclosed please find subscription cash for 1913

We have been having fine weather here so far this fall; not a bit of cold. Last winter it was quite cold for Kansas, and there was lots of snow.

Our thoughts often drift back to the happenings in old Pennsylvania when we were among the boys and girls. We often wonder, too, where all our old associates are now living. Some no doubt have passed away, but we see from items in the Reporter that many of them have married and moved elsewhere. The Reporter is a welcomed visitor, and but for it we could not keep in touch with the folks at home.

MR. AND MRS B. F. BROWN.
Udall, Kas., Dec 6, 1912

Editor of the Reporter

You will find herewith $1 00 to advance my label to October, 1913.

I wish all my friends in Centre county a merry Christmas, a prosperous New Year, and a most successful Woodrow Wilson Democratic administration.

We have had bountiful harvests here this year. Some wheat fields yielded as much as thirty-five bushels per acre. My two sons threshed four thousand bushels. All we want is more Pennsylvania farmers to come here. There are fine opportunities here for men who want to work.

JOTT R. EVANS.
Petrel, North Dakota, Dec. 5 1912

Harris Township.

Misses. Effie and Elsie Rishel spent Saturday at Oak Hall at the home of Jasper Rishel.

C. D. Moore, of State College, attended to business at Boalsburg last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Meyer with their little daughter visited at Aaronsburg from Saturday until Tuesday.

Alvin S. Myers, of Jacksonville, Florida, visited at his former home at Boalsburg, from Saturday until Monday.

Mrs. Gertie Shugert with her little son Charles, from Altoona, was visiting with relatives at Boalsburg last week.

John Durner butchered on Friday, and had the heaviest hogs of any killed in Boalsburg; one weighed 529½ and the other 490½.

Mr and Mrs. John Stamm and Mr and Mrs. William Myers, and a number of others from this place attended the play "The New Minister" at Centre Hall Friday evening.

The services in the Reformed church next Sunday will be held in the afternoon. Sunday school at one o'clock, preaching service at two, and practice for a christmas service in the evening at 7.30.

Miss Sarah J. Keller closed her house at Boalsburg on Wednesday of last week and departed for Wilmington, Delaware, where she will remain for the winter at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. C. Hall.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Aid Society will give an entertainment in the Boal hall on Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock; admission ten cents and fifteen cents. All are invited to come and have a good time.

John Patterson visited at Altoona from Saturday till Monday; his sister Miss Frances Patterson had been visiting in Altoona for some time, and had fallen down a stairway and hurt her back and was unable to walk. She is some better and returned home with her brother on Monday.

John Durner, S. H. Bailey, Wm. Goheen, Ralph Rockey, Albert Meyer, Prof. J. H. Harnish, Harry Kuhn, and George Fisher, spent some time at Williamsport. Some went to visit, some on business, but the majority of them went to see the exemplification of the Red Cross, and Sepulcher degrees of the Knights of Malta; a number of them took the degree.

Linden Hall.

Henry Gingerich returned from a hunting trip in Lebanon county.

Wallace White left for Altoona on Monday where he will be employed during the winter.

Mrs. Cora Hassel, of Minnesota, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gingerich.

Mrs. J. H. Ross and Mrs. James Swabb are both recovering from attacks of tonsilitis.

Rev. Martin of the Evangelical church is holding a series of meetings this week at Rock Hill.

Miss Mary Carper left for Altoona Saturday where she will spend the winter with relatives.

John Patterson left for Altoona to bring home his sister, Miss Frances, who fell down a cellar way a few weeks ago, injuring her back so that she had been quite helpless, but is now improving rapidly.

DEATHS.

James C. Gilliland, a well known resident of Oak Hall, died at ten o'clock last Saturday morning a week after an illness of three years or more with kidney trouble and other ailments. He was the only son of Samuel and Elizabeth Sankey Gilliland and was born within sight of the Gilliland farm on September 15th, 1842, hence at his death was seventy years, two months, and fifteen days old. When he was but two years old his father moved onto the farm and there is where Mr. Gilliland spent practically all his life. He served as station agent at Oak Hall for many years, resigning about nine years ago in order to give his entire attention to his farm.

Mr. Gilliland was a life-long member of the Presbyterian church and for a number of years had been a ruling elder in the Lemont church. He was a member of Victor Grange, No. 159, and a charter member of Centre County Pomona Grange, having served as its secretary for sixteen years. He was one of the best known men in Pennsvalley and an upright, honest citizen in every way.

He was twice married, his first wife being Miss Angeline Gardner. One son and one daughter survive as the result of this union, namely: Dr. S. S. Gilliland, of Marietta, formerly State veternarian, and Mrs. George Mitchell, Lemont. On Christmas day, 1894, he was married to Miss Nannie Campbell, who survives with three sons and three daughters. Mrs. Hammon Sechler, of Bellefonte, is a surviving sister. The funeral was conducted by Rev. W. K. Harnish and burial was made in the Branch cemetery.

Dr. William A. Buckhout, for many years head of the department of botany at the Pennsylvania State College, died at his home on Beaver avenue, after a serious illness of about ten days.

He is the last of the faculty that was connected with the college during its early years of struggle and poverty, and his absence will be particularly noticed by returning alumni who always anticipated a warm greeting from him.

His quiet, unobtrusive attention to his duty, his gentle manners, his noble character and helpful influence, endeared him to the community where he has been a familiar figure for so many years—since 1871.

He was aged sixty-six years, and was born in Oswego, New York. Interment was made on Friday.

In July, 1876, he married Miss Mary Harkness and to their union five children were born, four of whom, with their mother, survive: Albert T, of Holyoke, Mass.; William H., of Pleasantville, N. Y.; Mrs. Charles L. Kinsloe and Carolyn, of State College. Dr. Buckhout also leaves one sister, Mrs. Frank Greeley, of Washington, D. C.

It is with a sense of deep loss that the death of Mrs. Emma Black Swab, wife of Frank Swab, which occurred at her home in Pine Grove Mills on Sunday afternoon, is recorded in these columns. She had been in delicate health for a number of years, but during the past month she seemed to feel very much better. Friday previous to her death she suddenly became very ill, and sank into unconsciousness from which she never rallied.

She is survived by a husband and eight of her ten children, namely, Mrs. Blanche Erb, Baltimore; Mrs. Margaret Goodhart, Minnesota; Mrs. Fred Williams and George, Pine Grove Mills; Mary, Grace, Ruth, and Claude, at home.

Interment was made in the Union cemetery, Pine Grove Mills, Wednesday afternoon. Rev. S. L. Spangler, pastor of the Lutheran church being the officiating minister.

Mrs Swab was born in Stone Valley, sixty one years ago, but most of her childhood days were spent in the vicinity of Linden Hall. She was a woman of the most kindly disposition, an active member in the Lutheran church, a devoted wife and fond mother.

Following an affliction of two years with a goitre on the neck Mrs. Hayes Pletcher died at her home at Blanchard. She was thirty-three years of age and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bathurst. Surviving her are her husband and four children, Eldred, Mary, Calvin and Allen, all at home. She also leaves her parents and three brothers, Thomas and Cleon at home, and Morris, of Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Susanna Zimmerman, widow of the late James Zimmerman, died in Milesburg, aged eighty-two years. Her maiden name was Susanna Witmer, and she was born in Hartleton.

William Bruce Hazel, the fourteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert F. Hazel, of Unionville, died after three days illness with pneumonia.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Do not fail to read the supplement in this issue. It contains several columns of pure local matter.

Col. John P. Taylor is back from Philadelphia to his home at Reedsville. He was receiving treatment for his eyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Williams are receiving congratulations over the arrival of a chubby little son, who arrived at their home Wednesday morning of last week.

Vogel's minstrels will be at the Garman opera house this (Thursday) evening. Edward Ralz, the popular Buckeye tenor, will be one of the number.

Samuel W. Moore, of Centre Hall, who is being treated at Buffalo by a specialist, is improving and hopes to return home by Christmas, and also hopes to be in very much better physical condition by that time.

A postponed meeting of the Y. P. B. will be held this (Thursday) evening at the home of Miss Bertha Strohmeier. Saturday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. C. E. Flink, the W. C. T. U. will hold its regular meeting.

Mrs. Whitman, wife of Rev. N. A. Whitman, is ill in Ohio, and has not been able to join her husband and family at Loganton, to which place the minister came several months ago to become pastor of a Lutheran charge.

The lynx captured in the Seven Mountains by the Foster party, of State College, mention of which was made last week, weighed sixty-four pounds. W. L. Foster trapped the animal, and he will have it mounted as it is a fine specimen.

Horses, young cattle and cows brought very good prices at the public sale held by Solomon Lingle, along Sinking Creek, below Centre Hill. The Reporter is glad to make this mention, because it indicates that the high prices for stock will be maintained.

When you are perplexed what to give for a Christmas gift, keep in mind that one dollar will buy a year's subscription to The Centre Reporter. Fifty times during the year it will be mailed to the person you designate, and fifty times a year your present will be appreciated.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church, of Boalsburg, will give an entertainment in Boal Hall, Saturday at 7:30 o'clock. The programme will consist of living pictures, readings and music. Come and see Bridget, Peter Popinjay and all the notable people of the day. Admission 10 and 15 cts.

John A. Slack, of Potters Mills, was a caller on Monday. About April 1st he will become a resident of Centre Hall, and will occupy the property in which Edward Riter now lives, which he bought about a year ago from Abner W. Alexander. Mr. Slack will make sale of his farm stock, implements, etc., on Tuesday, December 24th.

Dr. Guy Carlton Lee, who lectures here on Friday evening, holds the position of managing Director and President of the National Society for Broader Education, incorporated that "through the education of the adult we may aid in the normal development of national life; in removing the causes of district and antagonism between classes, and in promoting the interests of the whole people."

Up in Ferguson township farmers have been killing deer without going into the woods. N. J. Krebs saw a trio of bucks in his corn field, and one of them was killed, the others made tracks for the mountain, but before reaching the wooded section one of them became entangled in a wire fence. Guy Corman saw the animal struggling for its freedom, and securing a rifle it was also killed.

"The Banker," a magazine published in the interests of the First National Bank, of Joliet, Illinois, of which institution Andrew H. Wagner, formerly of Centre Hill, is first vice president, is on our desk. The magazine contains much matter of interest and is well compiled. An illustration shows the rapid increase of the bank's business. In September 1909, $1,529,675 represented the bank, and last September, $4,299,351 represented it.

Can you say your advertisement is in the Reporter? Newspaper advertising pays best. Your advertisement in the newspaper reaches the reading table in the home; it is picked up and looked over by every member of the family; it is talked about, and the suggestions in them are more frequently acted upon than those printed in circular form, which too often reach the waste basket before the matter in them is read. All classes of advertising bring results, but the newspaper advertisement is the best of all.

The Centre Reporter

CENTRE HALL. - - PA.

DISFIGURING THE LANDSCAPE.

An agricultural paper makes a strong protest against the too common practice in the rural districts of "disfiguring fences, barns and other buildings, trees, etc., with glaring signs." There might have been included in the list of great sprawling billboards which are to be seen along railways and highways at frequent intervals, says the Louisville Courier-Journal. A large amount of picturesque scenery is marred in this way. Nothing is sacred to the enterprising advertiser who is interested in keeping his wares before the public eye. It requires the consent of the property owners to disfigure buildings and beautiful landscapes in this way, but as some farmers and landowners find it to be a source of some small revenue, they are more than willing to permit the advertiser to work his will in such matters. But the farmer gets very little money out of the transaction, and only succeeds in detracting from the appearance of his property. There are many farmers who do not realize that there is a money value to them in keeping their farms and buildings in good order. A good beginning in that direction is by keeping the premises clear of things which are likely to be distasteful to passersby.

The use of the automobile has increased with great rapidity, and it has been inevitable that with the increase in use there would be an increase in the number of accidents, even though there should be, as a rule, an increase in the care exercised. Fatalities from horse-drawn vehicles have so long been a matter of course that they have attracted less attention than fatalities caused by automobiles, although until recently the number of the former has greatly exceeded the latter. In New York city thus far this year the fatalities recorded are 138, year the deaths caused by wagons number 117. Last year, in the same month, wagons caused the death of 111 persons, while automobiles killed only 79. It will thus be seen that the fatalities caused by automobiles in New York city have increased nearly 100 per cent., while the number chargeable to wagons was nearly stationary. These, however, are the figures for a densely populated city, and it is altogether probable that if the figures could be compiled for the entire country they would show that accidents to horse-drawn vehicles still outnumber those to automobiles, as was ascertained to be the case in England last year.

A young woman living near Syracuse has just died as the result of a "joke." Someone pulled a chair from under her while she was out in company, "there was a general laugh, in which she joined to hide her pain," and she died of peritonitis at a hospital four days afterward. Next July there will be a chance for some of her humorous friends to set a cannon cracker under somebody's chair, says the Buffalo Express. It is good to have minds that see the pleasant side of life in that way.

"There never can be any real and lasting peace in this country until world's championship baseball games have been eliminated from the sporting calendar," says the Chicago Tribune. The contemporary seems disposed to adopt the traditional method of pacification, namely: Creating a desert and calling it peace.

It is now said that steamboats and trains spread disease. But this in no sense lifts the responsibility for the same ill-doing from the house fly and the mosquito.

It is considered wothy of note that a laborer with $50,000 continued to labor at two dollars a day. He might just as well have blown it acquiring a headache.

Counterfeiting has decreased in this country during the past year, according to police reports. The gang must be working on those new $1,000 bills.

Los Angeles has opened a school where girls are taught dressing as a fine art. If they were taught dressing as a culinary art, there might be some good accomplished.

The Paris Matin tells us that the man who understands women is never desired of them. But this disability will not handicap most men of average intelligence.

A woman has just died from blood poisoning, due to sticking her hat pin into her head. Usually some one besides the user of the pin has been the victim.

Aviators in Germany are paid $37 a month—that and death accounting for the scarcity of German aviators.

Chicago has a school for brides, but all graduates are not guaranteed a position.

AGRICULTURE IS THE REAL KING

Big Results Follow the Employment of New Methods.

REPORT OF SEC. WILSON.

According To the Secretary's Report There Has Been An Uplift Of Agriculture and Of Country Life.

WEALTH OF THE FARM.

The most effective move toward the reduction of the high cost of living is the production of greater crops.

This has been the most productive of all agricultural years in the country.

Based on the census of wealth production on farms, the grand total for 1912 is estimated at $9,532,000,000, more than twice the amount of wealth produced on farms in 1899.

During the past 16 years the wealth production on farms, according to census items, has reached the grand total of more than $105,000,000,000.

There has been an uplift of agriculture and of country life.

Estimated value of 1912 crops: Corn, $1,759,000,000; hay, $861,000,000; cotton, $860,000,000; wheat, $596,000,000; oats, $478,000,000; potatoes, $190,000,000; barley, $125,000,000; tobacco, $97,000,000; flaxseed, $39,000,000; rye, $24,000,000; rice, $20,000,000; buckwheat, $12,000,000; hops, $11,000,000; all cereals, $3,000,000,000; sugar, $117,000,000.

Livestock Products—Poultry, $570,000,000; wool, $55,500,000; animals, $1,930,000,000.

Washington.—The most productive year in the history of the United States has drawn to a close, according to the annual report of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson to the President.

Basing his figures on the census items of wealth production on farms, Secretary Wilson values the grand total of the 1912 crop at $9,532,000,000. Besides the production of the soil this amount includes the live stock output.

In commenting on the productiveness of the past year in relation to those preceding, Secretary Wilson said:

"The enormous sum represented by the crop output of the United States for 1912 is more than twice the value of the wealth produced on farms in 1899, according to the census, and it is about one-eighth more than the wealth produced in 1909.

"During the past 16 years the farmer has steadily increased his wealth production year by year, with the exception of 1911, when the value declined from that of the preceding year. If the wealth produced on farms in 1899 be regarded as 100 the wealth produced 16 years ago, or in 1897, is represented as 84, and the wealth produced in 1912 as 202.1. During the 16 years the farmers' wealth has increased 141 per cent. During the past 16 years the wealth production on farms, according to the census items, reached the grand total of more than $105,000,000,000.

The Farmers' Uplift.

In conclusion the Secretary said: "There has been an uplift of agriculture and of country life. Beginnings have been made in a production per acre increasing faster than the natural increase of population.

"In this movement the Department of Agriculture has been gradually equipped to occupy the foremost place. It came to learn; it has remained to teach. Its teaching, its discoveries and its improvement are permeating the national agricultural life. The forces that are at work must cause every increasing results."

COLONEL GRACIE DEAD.

Went Down with Ship, but Came to Surface.

New York.—The last man to be saved from the sinking Titanic, Col. Archibald Gracie, of Washington, died in a private hospital at 34 East Thirty-second street. The Colonel went down with the ill-fated steamer and, after being whirled around for a time, managed to grasp a wooden grating. This supported him until he was able to swim to a life raft and he stayed on it until picked up by one of the lifeboats.

SAW VOTES BEING BOUGHT.

So Says Defeated Democrat Of Fairfield, Conn.

Fairfield, Conn.—Alfred S. Perry, defeated Democratic candidate for judge of probate, in filling his election expenses, swore that he spent no money in his campaign but did spend "one day's time watching Republicans buy votes."

TITANIC SURVIVOR DEAD.

Col. Archibald Gracie One Of Last To Leave Ill-Fated Ship.

New York.—Col. Archibald Gracie, of Washington, one of the last passengers to leave the sinking Titanic, died here in a private hospital. Col. Gracie went down with the vessel, but on coming to the surface found a life raft, on which he afterward helped others. His family is prominent in New York, Washington and Mobile, Ala.

FASHION'S LATEST EDICT

(Copyright.)

"Maid of 1913 Should Be Curveless."

CONGRESS AFTER THE RAILROADS

House Unanimously Pases Physical Valuation Bill.

STOCK AND BOND INQUIRY.

Purpose Of the Bill Is To Have Railroad Rates Fixed On the Basis Of Income On Actual Investment.

Washington.—Amended to authorize a complete investigation into the question of interstate carrier corporation stock and bond issues, the bill by Representative Adamson, empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to make a physical valuation of the property of railroads and other common carriers was passed by the House without a dissenting vote.

The measure, asked for by the Inter-State Commerce Commission, provides for a far-reaching inquiry with the view of having railroad rates fixed on the basis of income on actual investment. It would authorize the employment of engineers and other experts, with power to summon witnesses and take testimony, to make an inventory listing in detail the property of every interstate carrier. The investigators would be directed to ascertain the original cost for railway purposes of each piece of property, the cost and value to the present owner and what increase in value is due to improvements. All questions relating to existing stock and bond issues of such carriers also would be inquired into and reported upon.

Representative Mann, of Illinois, offered the amendment directing the examination into the stock and bond issue question after a point of order had been sustained against his amendment authorizing the Inter-State Commerce Commission to regulate and restrict the issuance of securities by carriers. The amendment adopted provides that the proposed investigation by the commission's experts shall "also cover so far as practicable questions pertaining to the issuance of stocks and bonds by common carrier corporations, subject to the provisions of this act, and the power of Congress to regulate or affect the same, and particularly methods to prevent the issuance of stocks and bonds by such corporations without full value being received therefor."

$200,000 FIRE AT RICHMOND.

Express Officers and Book Storeroom Gutted By Flames.

Richmond, Va.—Fire in the three-story brick building at Ninth and Cary streets, occupied jointly by the Southern Express Company and the Adams Express Company, made such headway that the entire fire-fighting equipment was called out. The structure was completely gutted. The upper floor was occupied by the offices and general storeroom of the Virginia Book Company, which supplies schoolbooks for the entire State of Virginia. Only a few records and packages of express were removed from the storerooms of the two express companies. The loss will be about $200,0000.

THREE BURNED IN JAIL.

Prisoners Set Fire, Hoping Thus to Escape.

Crowley, La.—Three prisoners in the local jail were cremated when they set fire to the structure in an attempt to burn their way to freedom.

CHILD KILLS COMPANION.

Four-Year-Old Boy Shot By Young Playmate.

Corning, N. Y.—George Button, a four-year-old boy, fatally shot Ray Adams, the same age, at Mills, Pa. The Adams boy aimed a pop gun at his companion, who in turn fired a revolver which had been left on a table in the room where they were playing. The bullet entered the Adams boy's mouth and passed through the lower part of his skull.

RECALL PLAN BEFORE SENATE

Proposes to Amend Constitution to Permit Popular Vote.

LEVER AGAINST CONGRESS.

Gives President Whip Over Congress—Would Permit Appeal To People from Supreme Court's Decision.

Washington.—The initiative and the recall of judicial decisions, as amendments to the Federal Constitution, were proposed by Senator Bristow in resolutions laid before the Senate.

Senator Bristow's first resolution would permit the President to submit to popular vote at a Congressional election any measure he has recommended to Congress and upon which no action has been taken for six months.

To Overrule Court.

The second would provide that "if the Supreme Court shall decide a law enacted by Congress is in violation of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, the Congress at a regular session held after such decision may submit the act to the electors at a regular Congressional election."

Under each amendment it is proposed that the questions submitted to the people must mave a majority of the popular vote in a majority of the States, as well as in a majority of the Congressional districts of the nation.

Lever Against Congress.

In a brief explanation Senator Bristow declared the amendment affecting the President would enable him to appeal from a dilatory or adverse Congress to the people, and that a President could not, as an excuse for signing an undesirable measure, say that it was the best he could get from an unfriendly Congress.

Senator Bristow, in support of his amendment affecting decisions of the Supreme Court, declared that it would "give to the people an opportunity to state whether or not they desire the law enacted by Congress and approved by the President, to stand as the last expression of their will and judgment."

JOHNSON WEDS WHITE GIRL.

Negro Pugilist Married To Lucille Cameron.

Chicago.—Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, and Lucille Cameron, the Minneapolis white girl, were married here in the home of Johnson's mother.

"I guess this will stop all those prosecutions," said the negro rather grimly. "As soon as we can get away we will go to Paris."

The marriage took place almost on the same spot in the front parlor of the Wabash avenue home where the body of Johnson's first white wife, who died a suicide through the bitterness of her lot, lay only a few short weeks ago.

DR. ALICE STOCKHAM DEAD.

She Was One Of the Pioneers Of the Eugenic Movement.

Chicago.—Dr. Alice Bunker Stockham, widely known as a physician, author, suffragist and one of the pioneers of the eugenic movement, is dead at her late home in Alhambra, near Los Angeles, according to word received in Chicago. Dr. Stockham was born of Quaker parentage at Cardington, O., in 1833.

HIS TONGUE SEWED UP.

Youth Nearly Bit It It In Two When He Fell.

Washington.—Surgeons at a local hospital are awaiting the result of a delicate operation—that of sewing into place a nearly severed human tongue. The patient is Raleigh Moore, 17 years old, who fell while roller skating. His chin struck the pavement, and when he was picked up it was discovered that his tongue virtually was bitten in two.

TO ELECT WILSON COST A MILLION

Democratic National Committee's Expenses.

CHARLES R. CRANE LEADS.

Statement Filed With the House Shows Expenditure of $1,159,446, With Contributions of $1,110,952.

Washington.—It cost the Democratic National Committee $1,159,446 to carry the election for Wilson and Marshall, according to its final statement of contributions and expenses filed with the House. Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, was the heaviest contributor with $40,000, closely pressed by Cleveland H. Dodge, of New York, $35,000 and Herman Ridder, of New York, as treasurer of funds collected for the committee, $30,073.

The total of $1,110,952 contributions received by the committee came from 89,854 separate contributions, of which all but 1,625 were in amounts less than $100.

FROM AGATE TO ZINC.

Everything To Be Revised, Says Representative Underwood.

Washington.—A complete revision of the tariff along the lines indicated in the bills passed by the Democrats in the last two sessions of Congress will be made during the special session, according to Oscar Underwood, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee. Congressman Underwood called at the White House and, after talking to President Taft, outlined the special session program. Hearings on tariff revision will begin in January. When the special session begins in April, the Ways and Means Committee will have sufficient material in hand to send its schedules to the House without delay.

"Everything from agate to zinc," was the reply of Congressman Underwood to a question as to what would be revised.

11 FOR "T. R."; 2 FOR WILSON.

California Electoral Returns As Tabulated By Secretary Of State.

Sacramento, Cal.—Provided no more court decisions affect the canvass and assuming that the corrections made in the delayed Los Angeles county returns in the official audit at the Capitol will not materially change their totals, figures tabulated by Secretary of State Jordan indicate the election of 11 Progressive and 2 Democratic electors in California.

AGAINST THE RED FLAG.

Petition Will Be Presented To the Massachusetts Legislature.

Boston.—A petition for legislation which, if enacted, would prevent the carrying of red flags such as were displayed recently in parades in Lawrence was filed at the Statehouse. The petition asks for a law providing that no other flag than the national flag shall be permitted to be carried in a public parade.

EIGHTY FISHERMEN PERISH.

Four Driven Insane By Their Terrible Sufferings.

Lisbon, Portugal.—Not less than 82 Portuguese fishermen lost their lives during a storm on the Coast of Portugal. The survivors suffered severe privations, being without food or water for three days, while heavy and cold winds prevailed. Four became insane, jumped overboard and were drowned.

CONTESTS LEVY'S ELECTION.

Goodman, His Opponent, Claims He Spent Too Much.

Washington.—A. H. Goodman, a Progressive candidate for Congress against Representative Levy, of New York, sent notice of contest to the House against Mr. Levy's retention of his seat. It was alleged that Mr. Levy spent more than the $5,000 limit to procure his election.

W. J. BRYAN LAUDS RAYNER.

Says Senator Exemplified All That Is Best In Public Life.

Lincoln, Neb.—William J. Bryan paid this tribute to the late Senator Rayner in the Commoner: "In the death of Isidor Rayner, of Maryland, the Democratic party lost a strong leader and the United States of America lost a valuable citizen."

ORGANIZE A NUT CLUB.

Connecticut Women Will Add Other Nuts As Membership Increases.

Winsted, Conn.—Six ladies of the town of Canaan have formed an organization to be known as the Nut Club. The members will meet at frequent intervals to sew and chat. The nuts for which the members are named are the chestnut, walnut, peanut, butternut, pecan and cocoanut. As the membership grows other nuts will be added to the list.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsylvania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

Samuel Abrazeli, charged with possibly fatally shooting Elmer Teseky, at Exchange, is imprisoned at Sunbury.

Former Alderman Myron Kasson, of Scranton, has gone to Florida to remain until the Lackawanna strawberry crop is ready for harvest.

Caught between a caboose and a box car, Henry Foster, of Oil City, a Pennsylvania freight conductor, was crushed to death at Tileesville.

Although 91 years of age, Mrs. John Shepperly, of West Hazleton, never saw a theatrical performance until a few days ago, when with her daughter she visited a theatre in Wilkes-Barre.

Paul and Charles Miller are in jail at York, charged with stripping a a brewery of all its metal fixtures except a huge copper vat, too heavy to move.

Admitting that he had stolen the purse of Jacob Cart, of Catawissa, with $61 while drunk, William Cooper was given four months in jail at Bloomsburg to sober.

Norristown School Board refuses to lift the ban on the Reliance football team, of Conshohocken, alleging rowdyism on the school athletic field as the ground.

At the home of Misses Hannah and Katherine Mohn, Reinert, Berks county, 20 men split enough firewood to last the entire winter. Hannah is 85, Katherine 80.

A trolley car struck a team driven by Charles Schaeffer, a Reading baker, and he received painful injuries about his neck and side, while $250 damage was done.

M. C. Heffner, of Reading, a brakeman on the Schuylkill & Lehigh Division, fell from an engine and rolled down a 15-foot embankment, injuring his hip seriously.

J. W. Lloyd, of Reading, four years a yeoman on the gunboat Wilmington, on his return home was given a rousing reception, a gold watch and a silk umbrella by friends.

The same number of births were recorded last month with City Clerk Gates, of Wilkes-Barre, as were recorded in November, 1911, totaling 141, 76 males and 65 females.

When Mrs. Margaret Curry, of Cheswick, prepared a turkey that she had bought at McKeesport she found a diamond ring worth $35 in the craw of the bird. The bird weighed 10 pounds and cost Mrs. Curry $3.

The Court has divided Nanticoke borough's Ninth ward into three separate wards, to be known as the Ninth, Twelfth and Thiteenth wards. The old Ninth ward was the largest in the borough, and put many of the voters to great inconvenience in reaching the polling place.

Councilman Frank Hemingway, of Wilkes-Barre, is going to try to solve the sparrow problem. He has been informed that the sparrows will not associate with squirrels, and is going to make the experiment in the Public Square Park. Little houses will be placed in the trees for the squirrels.

The "weasel" which has killed or caused more than 100 chickens to disappear from coops at Steelton has been discovered, and is not a weasel at all, but a man and two dogs. Samuel Couffer made the discovery and shot one of the dogs while the man was trying to force an entrance into his chicken coop. Before he could load his gun again the man and the other hound got away.

John A. Carns, 70 years old, who bears the reputation of being the king of deer hunters in Central Pennsylvania, has been a hunter of deer, bear and smaller game for over a half century, during which time he has killed over 200 deer, to say nothing of a lot of bears and innumerable rabbits, squirrels, pheasants, quail, etc. His record, it is believed, cannot be equaled by any other gunner in Clearfield county.

Harry Russell, formerly a Shamokin ball pitcher, has made $12,000 through the sale of a Government allotment of New Mexican land on which oil was discovered.

Samuel T. Harleman, of Bethlehem, has returned from a three months' stay at Ugines, Savoy, France, where he studied the working of electric furnaces. The young man is superintendent of the crucible steel department of the Bethlehem Steel Works, where the company intends to install the French system.

THE PRODIGAL JUDGE

By VAUGHAN KESTER

ILLUSTRATIONS BY D. MELVILL

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SYNOPSIS.

The scene at the opening of the story is laid in the library of an old worn-out southern plantation, known as the Barony. The place is to be sold, and its history and that of the owners, the Quintards, is the subject of discussion by Jonathan Crenshaw, a business man, a stranger known as Bladen, and Bob Yancy, a farmer, when Hannibal Wayne Hazard, a mysterious child of the old southern family, makes his appearance. Yancy tells how he adopted the boy. Nathaniel Ferris buys the Barony, but the Quintards deny any knowledge of the boy. Yancy to keep Hannibal. Captain Murrell, a friend of the Quintards, appears and asks questions about the Barony. Trouble at Scratch Hill, when Hannibal is kidnaped by Dave Blount, Captain Murrell's agent. Yancy overtakes Blount, gives him a thrashing and secures the boy. Yancy appears before Squire Balaam, and is discharged with costs for the plaintiff. Betty Malroy, a friend of the Ferrises, has an encounter with Captain Murrell, who forces his attentions on her, and is rescued by Bruce Carrington. Betty sets out for her Tennessee home. Carrington takes the same stage. Yancy and Hannibal disappear, with Murrell on their trail. Hannibal arrives at the home of Judge Slocum Price. The Judge recognizes in the boy, the grandson of an old time friend. Murrell arrives at Judge's home. Cavendish family on raft rescue Yancy, who is apparently dead. Price breaks jail. Betty and Carrington arrive at Belle Plain. Hannibal's rifle discloses some startling things to the judge. Hannibal and Betty meet again. Murrell arrives in Belle Plain. Is playing for big stakes. Yancy awakes from long dreamless sleep on board the raft. Judge Price makes startling discoveries in looking up land titles. Charley Norton, a young planter, who assists the judge, is mysteriously assaulted. Norton informs Carrington that Betty has promised to marry him. Norton is mysteriously shot. More light on Murrell's plot. He plans uprising of negroes. Judge Price, with Hannibal, visits Betty, and she keeps the boy as a companion. In a stroll Betty takes with Hannibal they meet Bess Hicks, daughter of the overseer, who warns Betty of danger and counsels her to leave Belle Plain at once. Betty, terrified, acts on Bess' advice, and on their way their carriage is stopped by Slosson, the tavern keeper, and a confederate, and Betty and Hannibal are made prisoners. The pair are taken to Hicks' cabin, in an almost inaccessible spot, and there Murrell visits Betty and reveals his part in the plot and his object. Betty spurns his proffered love and the interview is ended by the arrival of Ware, terrified at possible outcome of the crime. Judge Price, hearing of the abduction, plans action. The Judge takes charge of the situation, and search for the missing ones is instituted. Carrington visits the judge and allies are discovered. Judge Price visits Colonel Fentress, where he meets Yancy and Cavendish. Becoming enraged, Price dashes a glass of whisky into the colonel's face and a duel is arranged. Murrell is arrested for negro stealing and his bubble bursts. The Judge and Mahaffy riscuss the coming duel. Carrington makes frantic search for Betty and the boy. Carrington finds Betty and Hannibal, and a fierce gun fight follows. Yancy appears and assists in the rescue.

CHAPTER XXIX.—(Continued.)

But Betty shrank from him in involuntary agitation.

"Oh, not now, Bruce—not now—we mustn't speak of that—it's wrong—it's wicked—you mustn't make me forget him!" she cried brokenly, in protest.

"Forgive me, Betty, I'll not speak of it again," he said.

"Wait, Bruce, and some time—Oh, don't make me say it," she gasped, "or I shall hate myself!" for in his presence she was feeling the horror of her past experience grow strangely remote, only the dull ache of her memories remained, and to these she clung. They were silent for a moment, then Carrington said:

"After I'm sure you'll be safe here perhaps I'll go south into the Choctaw Purchase. I've been thinking of that recently; but I'll find my way back here—don't misunderstand me—I'll not come too soon for even you, Betty. I loved Norton. He was one of my best friends, too," he continued gently. "But you know—and I know—dear, the day will come when no matter where you are I shall find you and not lose you!"

Betty made no answer in words, but a soft and eloquent little hand was slipped into his and allowed to rest there.

Presently a light wind stirred the dead dense atmosphere, the mist lifted and enveloped the shore, showing them the river between piled-up mass of vapor. Apparently it ran for their raft alone. It was just twenty-four hours since Carrington had looked upon such another night, but this was a different world the gray fog was unmasking—a world of hopes, and dreams, and rich content. Then the thought of Norton—poor Norton—who had had his world, too, of hopes and dreams and rich content—

The calm of a highly domestic existence had resumed its interrupted sway on the raft. Mr. Cavendish, associated in Betty's memory with certain ear-splitting manifestations of ferocious rage, became in the bosom of his family low-voiced and genial and hopelessly impotent to deal with his five small sons; while Yancy was again the Bob Yancy of Scratch Hill, violence of any sort apparently had no place in his nature. He was deeply absorbed in Hannibal's account of those vicissitudes which had befallen him during their separation. They were now seated before a cheerful fire that blazed on the hearth, the boy very close to Yancy, with one hand clasped in the Scratch Hiller's, while about them were ranged the six small Cavendishes sedately sharing in the reunion of uncle and nevvy, toward which they felt they had honorably labored.

"And you wa'n't dead, Uncle Bob?" said Hannibal with a deep breath, viewing Yancy unmistakably in the flesh.

"Never once. I been floating peacefully along with these here titled friends of mine; but I was some anxious about you, son."

"And Mr. Slosson, Uncle Bob—did you smack him like you smacked Dave Blount that day when he tried to steal me?" asked Hannibal, whose childish sense of justice demanded reparation for the wrongs they had suffered.

Mr. Yancy extended a big right hand, the knuckle of which was skinned and bruised.

"He were the meanest man I ever felt obliged fo' to hit with my fist, Nevvy; it appeared like he had teeth all over his face."

"Sho'—where's his hide, Uncle Bob?" cried the little Cavendishes in an excited chorus. "Sho'—did you forget that?" They themselves had forgotten the unique enterprise to which Mr. Yancy was committed, but the allusion to Slosson had revived their memory of it.

"Well, he begged so piteous to be allowed fo' to keep his hide, I hadn't the heart to strip it off," explained Mr. Yancy pleasantly. "And the winter's comin' on—at this moment I can feel a chill in the air—don't you-all reckon he's going' to need it fo' to keep the cold out? Sho', you mustn't be bloody-minded!"

"What was it about Mr. Slosson's hide, Uncle Bob?" demanded Hannibal. "What was you a-goin' to do to that?"

"Why, Nevvy, after he beat me up and throwed me in the river, I was some peevish fo' a spell in my feelings fo' him," said Yancy in a tone of gentle regret. He glanced at his bruised hand. "But I'm right pleased to be able to say that I've got over all them oncharitable thoughts of mine."

"And you seen the judge, Uncle Bob?" questioned Hannibal.

"Yes, I've seen the judge. We was together fo' part of a day. Me and him gets on fine?"

"Where is he now, Uncle Bob?"

"I reckon he's back at Belle Plain by this time. You see we left him in Raleigh along after noon to 'tend to some business he had on hand. I never seen a gentleman of his weight so truly spry on his legs—and all about you, Nevvy; while as to mind! Sho'—why, words flowed out of him as naturally as water out of a branch."

Of Hannibal's relationship to the judge he said nothing. He felt that was a secret to be revealed by the judge himself when he should see fit.

"Uncle Bob, who'm I going to live with now?" questioned Hannibal anxiously.

"That p'int's already come up, Nevvy—him and me's decided that there won't be no friction. You-all will just go on living with him."

"But what about you, Uncle Bob?" cried Hannibal, lifting a wistful little face to Yancy's.

"Oh, me?—well, you-all will go right on living with me."

"And what will come of Mr. Mahaffy?"

"I reckon you-all will go right on living with him, too."

"Uncle Bob, you mean you reckon we all are going to live in one house?"

"I 'low it will have to be fixed that-a-ways," agreed Yancy.

CHAPTER XXX.

The Judge Receives a Letter.

After he had parted with Solomon Mahaffy the judge applied himself diligently to shaping that miracle-working document which he was preparing as an offset to whatever risk he ran in meeting Fentress. As sanguine as he was sanguinary he confidently expected to survive the encounter, yet it was well to provide for a possible emergency—had he not his grandson's future to consider? While thus occupied he saw the afternoon stage arrive and depart from before the City Tavern.

Half an hour later Mr. Wesley, the postmaster, came sauntering up the street. In his hand he carried a letter.

"Howdy," he drawled, from just beyond the judge's open door.

The judge glanced up, his quill pen poised aloft.

"Good evening, sir; won't you step inside and be seated?" he asked graciously. His dealings with the United States mail service were of the most insignificant description, and in personally delivering a letter, if this was what had brought him there, he felt Mr. Wesley had reached the limit of official courtesy and despatch.

"Well, sir; it looks like you'd never told us more than two-thirds of the truth!" said the postmaster. He surveyed the judge curiously.

"I am complimented by your opinion of my veracity," responded that gentleman promptly. "I consider two-thirds an enormously high per cent. to have achieved."

"There is something in that, too," agreed Mr. Wesley. "Who is Colonel Slocum Price Turberville?"

The judge started up from his chair.

"I have that honor," said he, bowing.

"Well, here's a letter come in addressed like that, and as you've been using part of the name I am willing to assume you're legally entitled to the rest of it. It clears up a point that off and on has troubled me considerable. I can only wonder I wa'n't smarter."

"What point, may I ask?"

"Why, about the time you hung out your shingle here, some one wrote a letter to General Jackson. It was mailed after night, and when I seen it in the morning I was clean beat. I couldn't locate the handwriting, and yet I kept that letter back a couple of days and give it all my spare time. It ain't that I'm one of your spying sort—there's nothing of the Yankee about me!"

"Certainly not," agreed the judge.

"Candid, judge. I reckon you wrote that letter, seeing this one comes under a frank from Washington. No, sir—I couldn't make out who was corresponding with the president, and it worried me, not knowing, more than anything I've had to contend against since I came into office. I calculate there ain't a postmaster in the United States takes a more personal interest in the service than me. I've frequently set patrons right when they was in doubt as to the date they had mailed such and such a letter." As Mr. Wesley sometimes canceled as many as three or four stamps in a single day he might have been pardoned his pride in a brain which thus lightly dealt with the burden of official business. He surrendered the letter with marked reluctance.

"Your surmise is correct," said the judge with dignity. "I had occasion to write my friend, General Jackson, and unless I am greatly mistaken I have my answer here." And with a fine air of indifference he tossed the letter on the table.

"And do you know Old Hickory?" cried Mr. Wesley.

"Why not? Does it surprise you?" inquired the judge. It was only his innate courtesy which restrained him from kicking the postmaster into the street, so intense was his desire to be rid of him.

"No, I don't know as it does, judge. Naturally a public man like him is in the way of meeting with all sorts. A politician can't afford to be too blame particular. Well, next time you write you might just send him my regards—G. W. M. de L. Wesley's regards—there was considerable contention over my getting this office; I reckon he ain't forgot. There was speeches made, I understand the lie was passed between two United States senators, and that a quid of tobacco was throwed in anger." Having thus clearly established the fact that he was a more or less national character, Mr. Wesley took himself off.

When he had disappeared from sight down the street, the judge closed the door. Then he picked up the letter. For a long minute he held it in his hand, uncertain, fearful, while his mind slipped back into the past until his inward searching vision ferreted out a handsome soldierly figure—his own.

"That's what Jackson remembers it he remembers anything!" he muttered, as with trembling fingers he broke the seal. Almost instantly a smile overspread his battered features. He hitched his chin higher and squared his ponderous shoulders. "I am not forgotten—no, damn it—no!" he exulted under his breath. "Recalls me with sincere esteem and considers my services to the country as well worthy of recognition—" the judge breathed deep. What would Mahaffy find to say now! Certainly this was well calculated to disturb the sour cynicism of his friend. His bleared eyes brimmed. After all his groping he had touched hands with the realities at last! Even a federal judgeship, though not an office of first repute in the south, had its dignity—it signified something! He would make Solomon his clerk! The judge reached for his hat. Mahaffy must know at once that fortune had mended for them. Why, at that moment he was actually in receipt of an income!

He sat down, the better to enjoy the unique sensation. Taxes were being levied and collected with no other end in view than his stipend—his ardent fancy saw the whole machinery of government in operation for his benefit. It was a singular feeling he experienced. Then promptly his spendthrift brain became active. He needed clothes—so did Mahaffy—so did his grandson; they must take a larger house; he would buy himself a man servant; these were pressing necessities as he now viewed them.

Once again he reached for his hat; the desire to rush off to Belle Plain was overmastering.

"I reckon I'd be justified in hiring a conveyance from Pegloe," he thought, but just here he had a saving memory of his unfinished task; that claimed precedence and he resumed his pen.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"I Was Quite Peevish After He Threw Me In the River."

Thoughtful Child.

Little Alice was terribly afraid of cats. One day she had been standing on the doorstep for several minutes, looking at a big black tom cat gallivanting on the fence. Finally she rushed into the house, looking very excited, and exclaimed: "Muvver, I thought I'd better come in. Dat kitty was just so afraid of me, I felt sorry for it and comed away!"—Woman's Home Companion.

PRESIDENT TAFT TO THE GOVERNORS

His Effective Plea for Rural Credit Plan.

COMMITTEE TO TAKE ACTION.

The President Urges Uniform Legislation To Make Possible a System Of Low-Interest-Bearing Loans.

Washington.—President Taft, in a speech to 26 governors here urged the adoption of uniform state legislation which would make possible in this country the adoption of a system of rural credits and low interest-bearing loans to farmers, similar to that in vogue in many European countries.

"We are not going to adopt a system over night," said the President. "It is going to take considerable time before the country shall receive the benefit of it, but the earlier we begin the agitation the earlier we shall achieve the purpose we have in bringing the matter to the attention of the public.

"There is no subject," continued the President, "of greater importance to the people of the United States than the improvement of the agricultural method, the keeping of them up to date in all agricultural communities, the securing of profits to the farmer, the attraction of the young men of the country to farming as a lucrative profession, and the lowering of the cost of producing agricultural products and the lowering of their prices to the consumer.

A Third Essential.

"We have great capital in this country and we have farming property that is producing farm products of immense value. It would seem clear that with these two elements it would be possible to introduce a third by which the farmer engaged in producing the crops should be able, in view of the value of what he produces and the value of the land on which it is produced, to obtain money on the faith of the land and the faith of the product which will enable him to expand his acreage and better his methods of cultivation and production."

Committee Appointed.

While conditions in this country and in Europe were somewhat different, the President said, by modification of the European plan the idea could find a proper place in the United States.

The following committee was named today to draft uniform rural credit legislation to be recommended to the states:

Governors O'Neal, of Alabama; chairman; Johnson, of California; Plaisted, of Maine; Foss, of Massachusetts; Hadley, of Missouri; Harmon, of Ohio; Mann, of Virginia; McGovern, of Wisconsin, and Carey, of Wyoming.

On motion of Governor Hadley resolutions of thanks to President Taft for his active interest in the idea were unanimously adopted.

A general credit system for the financing of farmers, as outlined by President Taft to the governor's conference here will be considered as a part of the general currency reform to be attempted by the subcommittee of th House Banking and Currency Committee.

WOMAN HID IN BUNKERS.

Hoped To Reach Philadelphia On Battleship Kansas.

Galveston, Texas.—A woman was a passenger aboard the United States battleship Kansas, which, with other vessels of Admiral Fletcher's fleet, arrived in Galveston harbor from New Orleans. The woman, whose name could not be ascertained, was found hidden in the bunkers clad in man's clothing. She said she was penniless and boarded the battleship just before it left New Orleans in the hope that she might remain in hiding until the fleet was headed for Philadelphia, where she said, her relatives live.

OFFERS WILSON WARSHIP.

Taft Would Have President-Elect Visit Panama Canal.

Washington.—President Taft has written a letter to Governor Wilson offering to place at his disposal one of the big battleships of the navy to make a trip of inspection to the Panama Canal some time before Mr. Wilson is inaugurated. The President has a thorough knowledge of the work of the army engineers on the isthmus himself through personal visits to the Canal Zone and is of the opinion that his successor would like to know as much as possible about the nation's great engineering feat before he enters office.

"T. R.'S" PLURALITY 174.

Will Have 11 Out Of 13 California Electoral Votes.

Sacramento, Cal.—Roosevelt carried California by 174 votes, although he will have but 11 of the State's 13 electoral votes. The other two will be cast for Wilson. These figures are final, but will not be made official until the returns from Los Angeles county have been formally audited by Secretary of State Jordan.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

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Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
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Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
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MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
In all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices

BOALSBURG TAVERN
BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. 'Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the travelling public. Livery attached.

OLD FORT HOTEL
EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor
RATES: $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile south of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.
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THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1912

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Methodist—Centre Hall, morning; Spruce town, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Union, evening; Georges Valley, afternoon.

United Evangelical—Egg Hill, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Second Week of Court.

The second week of December court adjourned Wednesday morning. There was no business transacted of interest to south side residents, except the sentencing of John Taylor, noted elsewhere in this issue.

Marriage Licenses.

Fred Brown, Colyer
Blanche Moyer, Colyer
William Stover, Zion
Catherine Bathurst, Curtin
James Liddick, Hublersburg
Carrie Smith, Axe Mann
George J. B. Fike, Bellefonte
Isadora R. Williams, Lemont.

Some More Hogs.

Mrs. Rebecca Murray killed two hogs the dressed weight of which was 475 and 409 pounds.

Rev. S. A. Snyder, on August 5th, purchased two shoats averaging in weight 162 pounds. They were killed December 7th, and dressed 329 and 312 pounds.

C. F. Emery killed the largest porkers in Centre Hall. The weights were: 481½ 371 and 258 pounds.

There was a close contest in Reberaburg for the best porkers, thus: Hon. C. L. Gramley, two, 928; H. H. Miller, two, 918; T. A. Ocker, two, 914.

Will Pennsylvania Ratify?

If the coming session of the Pennsylvania Legislature is as progressive as progressive newspapers say it will be, then undoubtedly it will ratify the income tax amendment to the constitution of the United States. The proposed amendment is of Democratic parentage and provides for a very fair tax. The revenue resulting from the imposition of the tax will go a great ways toward simplifying the problem of supporting the government.

The ratification of only two additional legislatures is necessary for the amendment. Thirty-four states have already approved the proposition and it is reasonable to believe that of the ten states which have not taken final action at least two will act favorably. The states which have not acted finally are Virginia, West Virginia, New Mexico, Massachusetts, Florida and Delaware. Recent Democratic successes in a number of these states give assurance that ratification will ensue in several of these. A few of them already have had action in one or the other branch of the legislature, but as new legislative bodies have come up they may have to begin over.

Spring Mills

Andrew Shook purchased an automobile.

William Smith, the furniture man, was quite ill on Saturday.

Mrs. Lucinda Runkle has been quite ill again.

The different Sunday-schools are preparing Christmas services.

William Sones, who is employed at Waddle, is home for a few days.

Daniel Corman and wife are attending a Grange meeting at Clearfield.

Miss Rosie Smith is visiting William Brown and family in Huntingdon.

Bruce McCormick went to Sunbury to take an examination to enter the railroad service.

Dr. W. H. Schuyler was making calls on the members of his church on Tuesday afternoon.

Jacob Lee and wife were to Centre Hall on Friday evening to see the play, "The New Minister."

Harry Haney, who was burned so severly a week ago, is recovering under the skillful care of Dr. Braucht.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Gramley and Mrs. Hazel attended the funeral of Mrs. Hazel's brother, Ellis S. Shaffer, at Madisonburg, on Tuesday.

G. H. Long, of Newark, Ohio, accompanied his sister, Miss Ida, to her home at Spring Mills. She was in the Newark hospitel for six weeks.

The neighborhood was shocked to hear of the death of Joseph Carter, of Penn Hall. He was a good neighbor, always cheerful and had a kind word for every one.

The Pink Label appears this week.

A Wonderful Moss.

One of the most wonderful specimens of vegetable life known to the botanist is the "life moss" of Jamaica, Barbados and other of the West Indian islands. There are several species of tropical plants which have remarkable tenacity of life, but the "life moss" and the story of its vitality are almost beyond belief, its powers to live under adverse circumstances being certainly beyond that of any other known plant. It appears to be absolutely indestructible by any means except by immersion in boiling water or the application of a redhot iron to its roots and branching vines. It may be cut up and divided into infinitesimal particles, and then the very smallest shred will throw out roots and soon grow and form new branches and buds. Specimens of this extraordinary plant have been suspended in the air in a dry, hot room; they have been placed in close, air tight dark boxes, without moisture of any sort, and yet they lived, grew and flourished.

A Sundial That "Struck."

Paris is said to posses more sundials than any other city in the world. In the eighteenth century the sundial was popular in Paris. Every day at noon the sundial of the Palais Royal was the center of interest of an eager crowd. A writer tells of a "great crowd in the corner of the Palais Royal garden, standing motionless, with their noses in the air." Each was waiting for noon, having his watch in hand, ready to set at 12 o'clock. When the Duke of Orleans was altering the palace in 1782 the Parisians were much disturbed, thinking that they were to be deprived of their favorite sundial. But the duke not only preserved the sundial, but added to it a little powder magazine, which was so arranged that it exploded when the sunlight fell upon it, thus notifying every one who heard the explosion that the hour of noon had arrived. Later a cannon, which was discharged by the sun at noon, gave the signal.

Information Not Needed.

A middle aged woman went into a shop and without hesitation made straight for the crape counter. The girl who handled this funeral material was extremely affable.

"We have a large stock of crapes," she explained. "Let me show you some new French goods, very popular at this time for every kind of mourning and designed to express every degree of grief. If you will tell me for whom you are in mourning I can fix you out in exactly the right thing."

"Husband," replied the customer briefly.

"In that case," said the girl graciously, "I can tell you just what"—

"Young lady," interrupted the older woman angrily, "you needn't bother yourself. This is the fourth husband I've buried, and I know all about it."—St. Paul Dispatch.

Harlem In New York.

In 1636 there was a settlement at the foot of a little hill in New York city which the settlers called Slang Berge, or Snake Hill, but which is now called Mount Morris. As the settlement grew each Dutchman who lived there wanted to name it after his native town. But as each one had come from a different place in Holland they could not agree. Governor Stuyvesant made careful inquiries, and, finding that no one had come from Haarlem, he nipped all neighborly jealousies in the bud by naming it Nieuw Haarlem.

Anchoring a Lightship.

A very effective method is employed to keep a lightship always in practically the same position. The ship is moored by three anchors which rest in the sea bed in the form of a triangle. When the tide alters its direction the vessel, of course, swings with it, but only to a limited extent. The ship cannot change right over, as it would if only one anchor were used, for the three anchors each fix it in a different position and do not allow it to move more than a few yards.

The Boy's Mistake.

The teacher asked, "When did Moses live?"

After the silence had become painful she ordered: "Open your Old Testaments. What does it say there?"

A boy answered, "Moses, 4000 B. C."

"Now," said the teacher, "why didn't you know when Moses lived?"

"Well," replied the boy, "I thought 4000 B. C. was his telephone number."—Pearson's Weekly.

The Other One.

"What is the meaning of 'alter ego?'" asked the teacher of the beginners' class in Latin.

"The other I," said the boy with the curly hair.

"Give a sentence containing the phrase."

"He winked his alter ego."

She Works at Home.

Hicks—I understand Mrs. Bias has learned how to keep her husband at home. Wicks—Nonsense! Bias is out with "the boys" nearly every night. Hicks—You misunderstand me. I mean the work she does at home keeps him. She's a dressmaker, you know.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Economy a la Mode.

"There's an economical girl for you!"

"As to how?"

"Eats a five cent lunch every day."

"Yes; she's trying to save $30 to buy a new hat."—Pittsburgh Post.

The Sicilian tyrants never devised a greater punishment than envy.—Juvenal.

A desirable gift to a friend—The Centre Reporter for one year.

Tales the Checks Tell.

"They say you can read character in handwriting," remarked the paying teller of an important branch bank in Harlem, "and I dare say it's true. But I read more in the extraneous matter written on checks that pass through the bank than I do in the signature. I had a sample check today. It was drawn by a saloon keeper and along the margin he had written, 'against prohibition every time.' The size of the check indicated a prosperous man. The fact that he did more than sign his name suggested that he is not overworked or pressed for time. And the nature of the inscription was evidence of a lively sense of humor—of a certain sort. Another check bore this line: 'I hate to let go of it.' I'll wager something that the writer is a jolly chap and a good companion. But the meanest citizen that indulges in this sort of literature—and he is quite numerous—is the divorced man who periodically writes across a check drawn in his ex-wife's favor the words 'for alimony,' so as to embarrass her in presenting it anywhere. He ought to be kicked, you know."—New York Globe.

Japan's Royal Oxen.

The black oxen employed to draw the funeral car of the late mikado are of a select genus which for centuries has been employed solely for the use of the Japanese imperial family. No other race of draught animals can show such a record of exclusiveness.

The cream colored horses reserved for the English royal family run them close, but some of these had once to wear the yoke of a foreign ruler. When Napoleon occupied Hanover he seized all the cream colored horses in the royal stables and took them to Paris. The state carriage at his coronation was drawn by eight of these animals, which the Parisians called "les chevaux cafe au lait." Their employment on this occasion so irritated George III. that he gave up using the others of the breed stabled in London. Until the fall of Napoleon the state coach was always drawn by black horses when George or his son opened parliament.—London Graphic.

Resourceful.

The resourcefulness of some men at times furnishes a surprise even to those who know them well. A fair illustration is a certain New Yorker of wealth who bought a costly steam yacht. He is very fond of the water, but his chief object in the purchase was to please his wife. Then he found she did not care at all for that sort of thing, and as a result she remained at home whenever he went off on a cruise. His wife died, and after a reasonable period he married again. "It's all right now, old man," he said to an acquaintance who congratulated him some time later. "You see, I looked around till I found a woman who would rather live on a yacht than in a house, and I married her. Now the yacht's worth while."—Exchange.

Keeping Up With Time.

The city chap who had hired out as extra farm hand during the harvest was not quite able to respond to the 4 o'clock pounding on his bedroom door the first morning as promptly as he had anticipated. He lingered with the pillows for a quarter of an hour past the appointed time and then dragged himself out, and by half past 4 he was stumbling across the field where the old farmer was hard at work.

"Fine morning," said the newcomer briskly.

The old fellow looked up sourely.

"Yes," he grunted; "it was."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Beards and Battles.

Shaggy locks and patriarchal beards have proved highly inconvenient things on the battlefield. Does not history record that Alexander ordered the Macedonians to be shaved lest their beards should give a handle to their enemies? Peter the Great was also a friend of the barbers, for he not only ordered all ranks to be shaven, but caused officers to go about to cut off the beards of offenders by force.

Benton Did Not Quarrel.

A senator in his speech in the senate one day referred to "a quarrel" of Benton's.

"Mr. President, sir," said the Missourian, sternly, "the senator is mistaken, sir. I never quarrel, sir, but I sometimes fight, and whenever I fight sir, a funeral follows."

A Woman's Letter.

"Cholly received a letter this morning from Gladys Maud. He consumed an hour in reading it."

"Was the letter very long?"

"Not very long. He spent most of the time looking for page 2."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Never Again.

"This portrait doesn't resemble me at all."

"Pardon me, madam, but I once made a portrait of a lady that resembled her."—Fliegende Blatter.

Tantalizing.

She (getting ready to go out)—What are you looking at?

He—I'm just watching whether that house opposite will be finished first or you.—Fliegende Blatter.

Expensive.

"Why don't you marry Evelyn? Don't you think you could support her?"

"Support her! Why, I couldn't even pay for her complexion."—Satire.

Bear the best humbly and the worst resignedly.—Homer.

Centre Reporter $1 per year in advance.

Emery's
==the Holiday Store

Our stock of holiday goods is up to the usual high standard of former years, every department being complete in itself. Our prices are the lowest for first-class goods.

1000 lbs. of Xmas Candy
10c to 50c per lb.

Also, Dried and Green Fruits, Nuts, and Groceries--the best to be had.

Dolls, Toys, China-Ware
including Water Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, etc.

Table Linen, Towels, Bed Spreads,
Handkerchiefs, Gloves, etc.

Come and inspect our goods. Your Christmas shopping will be both easy and pleasant if you do it at this store.

C. F. EMERY
CENTRE HALL

The Index
Bellefonte, Pa.

TOYS! TOYS!
TOYS!

We have the best line of Toys in stock now that has ever been brought into town. They are the staple and durable kind.

Some of our specials:

Kid Body Dolls, 25c to $2.50
Jointed Dolls, 25c to $2.50
Dressed Dolls, 25c to $3.00
The Famous "Campbell Kid" family, at $1.00 each
Mechanical Trains 50c to $2.00
Steel Trains, 25c to $1.50
Board Games (the Good kind), 25c, 50c and $1
Mechanical Toys, 25c and 50c
Felt Animals of every kind, 25c, 50c, and $1
Dissected Animal Puzzles, 25c to $1

Our line is complete in every particular.

We have the only Big Room wholly devoted to Toys to be found in this section.

Our line of NOVELTIES and CONVENIENCES for the Office and Library is unusual. They are all moderate priced, too.

If in doubt about that Gift, look in

The Index

A full line of
Candies, Fruits, Nuts

TOYS, Christmas Seals and Tinsel Cord.

Ladies Aviation Caps, and Neckwear

All the staple Groceries
DRY GOODS, ETC.
You get your money's value at Odenkirk's.

W. A. ODENKIRK
CENTRE HALL

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY"
SHOES
will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

GLASS WORKS FOR BELLEFONTE.

Pittsburgh Promoters Endeavor and May Succeed in Interesting Bellefonte Capital.

The Keystone Gazette of last week contained this news item of general interest throughout the county :

Another big industry is practically assured for Bellefonte, to be established in the near future from plans already consummated, in the erection and operation of a large glass factory. A proposition was submitted to the Executive Committee of the Board of Trade by J. H. Fisher and B. G. Ott, of Pittsburg. The gentlemen represented the Merchantile Realty Company, of Pittsburgh, builders and promoters.

At the conclusion of the meeting between Messrs. Fisher and Ott and the Bellefonte Board of Trade bright assurances were given for the early location of the plant here. A charter has been granted to the corporation and the project may be taken as a "sure go." The company will be known as the "Centre County Window Glass Company." The corporation will be composed chiefly of Bellefonte men, with a view of erecting a plant on a plot of ground owned by the Thomas estate, near the old Glass Works site.

At the meeting on Tuesday the promoters from Pittsburgh stated that the sum of $30,000 had been pledged in Bellefonte for the project. They asked from the Board of Trade free taxes and water for a period of five years, improvement of railroad facilities at the proposed site; that the Board of Trade manifest interest in the deal by securing an option on the land and that the members aid in securing slag from the furnaces for the purpose of concreting.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds, president of the Board of Trade, appointed a committee as follows to co-operate with the visitors in furthering the project; namely, Hon. J. Linn Harris, Adolph Fauble and Frank E. Naginey.

It is practically assured that the desired inducements can be secured and little stands in the way of certain announcement of the location of this industry in Bellefonte, which will be welcomed by every resident here.

The Pink Label.

The Pink Label appears on this issue. This means that all subscribers who paid subscription between September 10th and December 10th will for the first time have credit on their labels. The Pink Label appears on all wrappers, whether or not you have paid subsciption.

If you have not received proper credit for subscription paid report at once.

See the New Line of

Gloves & Mittens

Just the things for Christmas Gifts

FOR MEN — Kid Gloves, Wool Gloves, and heavy Buckskin Gloves.

FOR WOMEN—Best Wool Gloves.

FOR CHILDREN—The best line of school Gloves and Mittens ever on display.

Call and see our new School Shoes.

Boys' High Top with Buckles
Girls' High Top Buttoned.

All offered at attractive prices.

F. E. WIELAND

Linden Hall

Farm Machinery
Gasoline Engines
Fertilizers
Binder Twine
Repairs for Machinery

The undersigned is prepared to furnish anything in the above lines, at most reasonable rates.
Farm machinery includes a full line of hay tools, etc.

YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.

H. C. SHIRK
Centre Hall, Pa.

15tf

MEETING OF STATE GRANGE.

Sessions Now on in Clearfield——Election of Master Creasy's Successor.

Much interest has been aroused throughout the State among the Patron of Husbandry in the election of State officers, which will be one of the chief features of the meeting of the Pennsylvania State Grange, being held in Clearfield this week. The officers are elected every two years and this is the year when their term expires. The greatest interest centers in the contest for State Master, which has been held the past two terms by Hon. William T. Creasy, of Catawissa, Columbia county, familiary known as "Farmer Creasy." He is a candidate for re-election and there can be no doubt that he will be strongly supported because as a legislator and Master he has always been a very powerful advocate of every interest of the farmers of the State. His opponents are Hon. E. B. Dorsett, of Tioga county, who has held the office of State Lecturer for several years; Hon John McSparran, of Lancaster county; and State Senator Jerome T. Ailman, of Juniata county, who has been a member of the State Legislature for a number of years.

There are something like one thousand Granges in Pennsylvania, and since each order is entitled to two representatives the attendance will swell into several thousand Patrons. Every Fourth Degree member may be admitted to the hall.

Weber's Special Sale.

In this issue J. H. and S. E. Weber advertise a special sale of farm implements, wagons, tools, etc. They prefer to sell at a greatly reduced price, rather than hold over their goods, giving those in need of any of the articles advertised an opportunity to profit. A careful reading of the advertisement will convince you that the stock offered is not only a few selected articles, but includes almost, if not altogether, every piece of machinery and tool used on the farm, except binders and rakes of which there are none in stock.

When you buy one of the Weber advertised articles you know it is new, and just as good as the factory can make it. It has not already served half or more of its usefulness and ready for repairs, but is new and can be used many years without repairing, an item that must not be lost sight of.

This large stock of implements and tools is on hand simply because J. H. Weber, the senior partner of the firm, for several months was unable to get to his place of business on account of sickness. His misfortune is your fortune.

Christmas post cards at 15 cents per dozen. Postage paid at this end.

Pronunciation.

There is a story that Tennyson, hearing at a dinner party somebody pronouncing knowledge with a long o, jumped up from the table, rushed at his fellow guest and shook hands with him. "Among the faithless faithful, he!" he exclaimed, and he proceeded to denounce in vehement terms the inquitous mispronunciation of the English language. It is remembered that a greater English poet—Byron, to wit—did not agree with him, as a couplet in "Don Juan" shows:

No, no; I'd send him out betimes to college,
For there it was I picked up my own knowledge.

Bad For Tall Hats.

New Year's eve, which is sacred to St. Sylvester, is celebrated in Berlin by the blowing of tin horns, the ringing of bells and all other devices for making a noise. The only horseplay indulged in is at the expense of the wearer of the silk tile. Any one on the street is privileged to bring his cane down on the crown of the offending headgear as hard and as often as he can. When the man with the dilapidated hat complains to the police the only consolation he gets is, "It serves you right for wearing it on Sylvester night."

Feminine Finance.

A poor lady whose husband had just failed was bemoaning the fact.

"At any rate," she said as she wiped the tears from her eyes, "the Brown failure was worse than ours."

"How so?" said one who knew that her husband's smashup had been terrible.

"Why," she said, "we only failed for 5 cents on the dollar, whereas Mr. Brown failed for 55."

Discovered His Mistake.

"Do you believe that all men are created equal?"

"I used to before I was married."

"And now?"

"Now I find that I can't begin to compare with other women's husbands."—Detroit Free Press.

Proof to the Contrary.

"They say that Wombat is a genius."

"Nothing to that story. It's a canard. I loaned him a dollar once, and he paid me back all right enough."—Pittsburgh Post.

Sympathy.

Proud Mother—Such enormous sums as we've spent on Clara's voice! Sympathetic Visitor—And you can really do nothing for it?—London Bystander.

A Discovery.

"There is something uncanny about this baby, John."

"Then, my dear, it must be his creepy ways."—Baltimore American.

The fate of all of us, men and women alike, is to be forever wanting what we have not.—Jerome K. Jerome.

Sucrene Dairy Feed

The Most Nourishing Feed for Cows
The Biggest Producer of Milk
The Most Economical to Feed

A thousand scientists are experimenting every day with a thousand different phases of the Feed-for-Milk problem. There is just one judge to whom they refer their eleborate theories and by her decision the theories stand or fall — THEY PUT IT UP TO THE COW.

That's what has been done in developing "Sucrene" Dairy Feed at every stage of its evolution—every time an improvement was made in the formula, that was done.

"Sucrene" is not a theoretically balanced ration—to most feeders that means only digestible protein, fat and carbohydrates in proper proportions, but that's only the beginning. It takes more than that just to build the animal—it takes phosphorus for brain and bone and nerve—it takes lime to make a frame work that will carry a strong and efficient body, and it takes both lime and phosphorus to make milk.

But a scientifically balanced, highly digestible ration isn't enough—it's got to be appetizing, and that's what the "Sucrene," the sugar part of Sucrene Dairy Feed does—it makes the cow enjoy eating and she digests her food all the better because she has a good taste in her mouth.

A trial will convince you that Sucrene Dairy Feed is a profit maker for your herd.

Put up in 100-pound Sacks

For sale by

R. D. FOREMAN

CENTRE HALL, PA.

"Our word good as our bond."

Gifts That Delight the Man

SUGGESTIONS

the wide variety you can only know by seeing.
Each gift appropriately boxed for Christmas.

New Neckwe a
Wide variety of colorings, 25c to $2

Gloves
Unlined and lined, in mochas, buckskins, real cape and kid. Fleeced and fur lined. 50c to $4

Shirts
Winter quality, fine feel and luster. 50c up to $2

Handkerchiefs
Plain and initial, silk and linen.

Bath Robes
in soft, comfortable wool or towling. $4 to $10

Sweaters
All wool, in roll collars and plain coat styles. $1.50 to $8

Pure Silk Stockings
in all colors. 50c

Umbrellas
in various handles and fabrics. $1 to $5

Raincoats
to resist severest storms. $5 to $25

Cuff Buttons & Tie Pins
25c up to $1

Many other Gifts, too numerous to mention.
GIVE US A CALL

Montgomery & Co.
BELLEFONTE

Come to Our Store

A Christmas Store That Will Please You

Holiday Goods are ready for your inspection. Our stock of Dishes, Lamps, Toys, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, etc., suitable for Christmas.

1000 Articles on Special sale at 10c to 25c each
Sold many places at double the price. The Department Store will supply you.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, and Trousers. Clothing of the latest style, finest fabrics and well fitting.

SHOE DEPARTMENT
We have an excellent line of Shoes and rubbers for Men, Women and Children, at Lowest Prices.

Prices 25 per cent. lower at Long's Department Store than any shoe store in Centre County.

Gents' Furnishing Goods
Men's Nobby Dress Hats
Young Men's Nobby Dress Hats
Boys, Nobby Dress Hats

Grocery Department
We have a complete line of staple Groceries. Buy your groceries here and save money.

Our 5 & 10c Counter is worthy of your inspection

Full line of Staple Hardware
Prices the lowest.

Winter is here!
Make up a list of your needs in winter goods and secure them at the special prices. We ask that you come during this month for your share of bargains.

We pay the highest market price for all kinds of produce.

Why not sell your produce where you get the best prices.

C. P. LONG CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE — SPRING MILLS, PA.

Strictly Local Happenings

Dr. Charles Calvert Ellis will lecture at Spring Mills, Friday night.

The Reporter office is having a rush of work. But that is what we want.

Dr. Guy Carlton Lee is a writer as well as a lecturer. Be sure to hear him. Grange Arcadia, Friday evening.

The Centre Hall evaporating company shipped a car load of winter apples last week. The market seems rather dull, there being few requests for this fruit coming this way.

After serving on the New York city police force for some years, W. H. Felding, son of Mr. Felding, of Linden Hall, purchased the Caldwell pharmacy, in Lynbrook, New York, and is now located there.

Read the advertisements in this issue. The merchant and dealer who buys space in a newspaper has something to sell worth the while for the customers to investigate. Act on the suggestion in these advertisements and you won't go wrong in your buying.

Mrs. Agnes Meyer, of Linden Hall, was a caller at this office on Friday. She just returned from McElhattan where she spent a month with her son, George Meyer, a railroad man. Having sold her Linden Hall property, Mrs. Meyer contemplates making McElhattan her place of residence after next spring.

While Archey Zettle has been in Centre Hall almost continuously since the Zettle Brothers came into possession of the Centre Hall planing mill, it was just last week that he moved with his family. He occupies a cottage on Wilson street. It is Mr. Zettle's intention to build a home next summer, but the quarters he now occupies are quite neat and altogether comfortable.

Centre Hall friends who recently visited Mr. and Mrs. I. V. Musser, in Mifflinburg, report they have one of the prettiest and coziest homes in that town. He has had considerable experience as a builder, having erected two or more residences in the Pittsburgh district prior to locating in Mifflinburg. It was this knowledge of building that gave him advantage in constructing the home he now occupies. Mr. Musser is engaged in the hardware business, and is enlarging the scope of the business all the time.

Mueller, the forester on Nittany Mountain, advertises pole and cord wood for sale in this issue.

George Runkle, who for several years had charge of the Schoolship Saratoga, is now on a freighter between Boston and Norfolk.

Pass the news along to the Reporter. When you think of the good things you have done, just ask yourself how many news items you passed along to the local paper.

Do not fail to hear Dr. Guy Carlton Lee, in Grange Arcadia, Friday evening. A scholarly lecturer may be expected. The Lyceum Bureau will not need to make apology for Dr. Lee. It will be up to his audience to go up to his level.

There was a fall of one-half inch of rain Thursday and Thursday night, most of the fall having been during the night. The springs previous to this rain were not as strong as desired for wintering in, and, in fact, a good deal more rain would be welcome before the ground freezes to any considerable depth.

If the plans contemplated by Thaddeus R. Hamilton, of Bellefonte, materialize State College will have a new industry—a planing mill—and one very much needed there. Mr. Hamilton is doing business in Bellefonte at present, and he is seriously considering a proposition to move his plant to the College town.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Myers, of Mifflinburg, were to Renovo to attend the funeral and burial of Gottlieb Myers, a brother of Mrs. Myers, who met death at Driftwood while on duty for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as a conductor. Mr. Myers was born at Beech Creek, and was aged sixty-four years. Had he lived until next July he could have retired on pension.

The interior of the Lutheran parsonage at Lewisburg was consumed by fire the other Sunday morning. Rev. Seebach discovered the fire on awaking in the morning, but before the fire could be extinguished all the furniture was burned, and the whole of interior of the brick structure gutted. The loss on the parsonage is over $3000, and the minister's loss was quite heavy, and included a library, and manuscripts on which he and Mrs. Seebach worked for twelve years. The fire was caused by a defective flue.

Mulfinger-Bartges.

A wedding of interest to their many friends in this vicinity was solemnized in Chicago when John M. Mulfinger, of that city, was united in the bonds of holy wedlock to Miss Blanche V. Bartges, of Spring Mills, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bartges. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Joel R. E. Hunt, pastor of the Fifty-third Avenue Lutheran church. Following the ceremony the young couple went to housekeeping in their newly furnished flat at 345 Baird Ave., Austin Sta., Chicago. The groom is a son of J. C. Mulfinger, of Pleasant Gap, and holds a responsible position with the Acme Supply Co., of Chicago.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Homer D. Decker et ux to Henry C. Noll, premises in Spring twp.; $1100.

Alfred C. Leathers et ux to Joseph L. Woomer, lot in State College; $350.

C. M. Gramley et ux to C. L. Gramley, 130 acres of land in Miles twp.; $5500.

C. M. Gramley et ux to C. L. Gramley, premises in Miles twp.; $2000.

Joseph L. Gessner et ux to Kate Gessner, premises in Spring twp.; $1

Elsie V. Butler et bar to Penna. Railroad Co., tract of land in Howard twp.; $400.

D. Shelley Kloss, trustees, to Chas. H. Rowland, tract of land in Centre and Clearfield. $150,000.

Thomas Foster et al to Minnie B. Adams, lot in State College. $400.

Margaret Hughes to Joseph Domick, premises in Rush twp. $243 75.

John Hoy, Jr., et ux to Catherine E. Weight, 32 acres of land in Marion twp. $806.25.

Hester S. Christ et al to C. W. Hockman, lot in College twp. $150.

B. D. Brisbin & Company shipped two car loads of choice oak lumber last week. Manager Brisbin is proud of the product sent out.

A Des Moines man had an attack of muscular rheumatism in his shoulder. A friend advised him to go to Hot Springs. That meant an expense of $150 00 or more. He sought for a quicker and cheaper way to cure it and found it in Chamberlain's Liniment. Three days after the first application of this liniment he was well. For sale by all dealers. adv.

What to get for CHRISTMAS GIFTS

LET us help you solve this problem. You will find our clerks ready and willing to suggest and show goods, whether you are ready to buy or merely wish to look. The most suitable and useful presents are articles of wearing apparel. We have a most beautiful line of

Coats, Suits, Sweaters, Gloves, Silk Hose and Umbrellas,

for gentlemen, ladies and children. We also have a fine line of

Shirts and Neckwear, an artistic line of Handkerchiefs in holiday boxes.

A Fine Assortment of FURS

in sets of Mink, Isabella Fox, Opossum, and White Iceland Fox. We also have MANY OTHER APPROPRIATE GIFTS.

We have done everything in our power to make your holiday shopping easier. Everything is displayed where you can easily see it. Begin to do your Christmas shopping now while assortments are best and crowding less.

Remember that we, of all stores, are best prepared to supply the gifts with which which gentlemen, ladies and children are best pleased. Be sure to come to see our goods.

A. Kessler's
Department Store

Where the "good clothes" come from. MILLHEIM, PA.

GIVE GOODHART GIFTS

And You Are Sure to Give Good Gifts

Goodhart Gifts are useful, durable, lasting remembrances. Nothing could be more appropriate for anyone than a piece of good, useful furniture, a sweeper, a picture, or one hundred and one better things that may be found in this Gift Store.

SHOP EARLY: Come in and pick the article you want and we will hold it for you until Christmas. Don't wait till the last day or two--buy while the stocks are large and complete.

Most For the Money -- That's Here

F. V. Goodhart

CENTRE HALL, PA.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

of BUGGIES, WAGONS, MACHINERY, IMPLEMENTS and TOOLS.

We are offering at this season at greatly reduced prices buggies, wagons, machinery, implements and tools. We mean just what we say. These goods which are now being offered at a sacrifice price are the same as we sold regularly and not condemned or turned back stuff, but NEW, EVERY BIT OF IT.

These Bargains Include---

BUGGIES—Top and open; well made; well painted; material first-class.
WAGONS—The Stoughton and Acme. Hand Wagons.
MANURE SPREADERS—The New Idea.
MOWERS -- Johnston.
HAY TEDDERS -- Johnston.
GRAIN GRILLS -- Buckeye.
CORN PLANTERS -- Black Hawk, double row.
PLOWS -- Syracuse, one way, riding; Oliver, one way, riding; Syracuse, hand; Oliver, hand.
LAND ROLLERS -- Steel and wood.
CULTIVATORS -- Albright, double row; Buckeye double row.
HARROWS -- John Deere, disc, spring, and lever; Spike.
LIME SPREADER -- High class, force feed.
GASOLINE ENGINES -- Olds.
WHEELBARROWS -- Steel, wood, farm and garden.
LADDERS -- Single and extension.
ROOFING -- Pittsburg Ready, steel corrugated.
WIRE FENCING -- Lion all heights and weights.
All these and many other articles are offered you at a bargain.

SLEIGHS AND SLEDS

The regulation Portland Cutter, also the same cutter with springs. First-class in every way—wood, ironing, trimming, painting, workmanship; none better.

BOB SLEDS. The regulation style and the Oscillator or Anti-Tip style. These are first class in every way.

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEEDS, COAL

White Lily Flour, Bran, Middlings, Western Oats.
Badger Dairy Feeds, Stock Tonics. Coal of all kinds.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain, hay and straw.

J. H. & S. E. WEBER

CENTRE HALL AND OAK HALL

State Grange.

The work of the Pennsylvania State Grange, in session in Clearfield, is progressing.

The executive committee is prepared to submit to the Grange its work in forming a state corporation for the purpose of co-operative buying and selling. The charter for this corporation, known as the "Keystone Grange Exchange," was granted by the state department during the summer, and the capital stock was fixed at $10,000. State Grange Lecturer E. B. Dorsett, of Tioga county, has been in direct charge of the organization of the corporation and has announced his ambition to continue this line of work and not again to be a candidate for the lectureship, which position he has filled for the last six years. Dorsett will recommend the increase of the capital stock of the corporation to $100 000, and the immediate opening of offices in Harrisburg. This movement is popular with the Grangers and has done as much as any other one thing in increasing the membership in such marked numbers during the year.

LOCALS

Potatoes are climbing up in price.

Mrs. B. H. Arney took sick Saturday night, but has so far improved that she is able to be down stairs.

John H. Weber, who became seriously ill on Saturday evening, is very much better at this time (Wednesday.)

Last week Mrs. S. W. Smith went to Philipsburg to assist in caring for her sister, Mrs. L. Ray Morgan, who is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism.

A barn in Philipsburg belonging to C. H. Rowland was destroyed by fire one night last week. A big Winton car was rescued from the flames. The loss was $4000.

B. D. Brisbin & Company, have completed their operations on the Harper tract, and are about to move their saw mill to Sprucetown, onto a tract of timber purchased from Mrs. John Wolf, on the south slope of Egg Hill.

Next spring George Swabb will take charge of the N. E. Hess farm, in College township, the latter retiring. Mr. Hess will move into his handsome residence on West College avenue, State College, lately vacated by Prof Alva Agee.

Mrs. Charles Price and little daughter came to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Condo, at Centre Hall, last week. On Saturday Mrs. Condo will accompany her daughter to her home at Greensburg, and will remain in the Pittsburg district among her children for three months.

A number of new subscribers were added to the Reporter's subscription list during the past few weeks. The Reporter is not offering prizes for subscribers but it does make an effort to make the paper worth the subscription price, and that is what is everlistingly building up the paper.

Frank A. McClintic, of Linden Hall, was one of the Reporter's callers one day last week. He is tenant on one of J. L. Tressler's farms, and mentions with considerable pride the fact that he has done much improving on the place. He thinks Mr. Tressler an o. k. landlord, too.

The large barn on the farm owned by Henry Taylor and tenanted by J. B. Straub, five miles west of Reedsville, was destroyed by fire. All stock except six calves were removed. There was much threshed grain and a large quanity of hay burned. The insurance was $2500, but the loss is much more.

Miss Sadie McKinney, who presides over the home of Dr. George Lee, in Centre Hall, became violently ill one day last week, but has improved somewhat. She is suffering from erysipelas, and her eye sight is impaired, and in preparing her medicine it is thought she took an overdose. Her condition for a while was quite serious.

F. J. Tibbetts has returned from his southern trip very much pleased with some sections of the country. New Orleans has been revolutionized since his last visit there some twenty years ago. He was not very favorly impressed with the real estate offered by the speculators, as much of it could be better sold by the quart than otherwise.

Centre county corn growers have a fine chance to secure a prize for their best corn, and probably figure in the National corn exhibit. The Pennsylvania Plant Breeders' Association during Farmer's Week at Pennsylvania State College, has offered premiums for the best ten ears of corn grown in the state, and the finest of these prize winners will be selected for the National exhibition.

Messrs. W. S. Mallalieu and Harry Williams, of Bellefonte, were callers at this office on Wednesday. The former is the contract agent and local traffic manager, and the latter assistant contract agent for the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania. At this time they are looking for new business for 1913, and although the Bell is found in nearly every place of business on the south side of Centre county, they hope to add new customers by the beginning of the year.

DEATHS.

After an illness of several months due to cancer, Mrs. Joel A. Kerstetter, of Laurelton, died in a Philadelphia Hospital, Tuesday of last week, and on Saturday the remains were interred at Laurelton, Rev. S. S. Kohler, pastor of the Reformed church officiating. She was aged sixty years, nine months and twelve days.

The deceased's maiden name was Miss Rebecca H. Grenninger, and she was a member of the Reformed church for many years. There survive the husband and six children; namely, Mrs. Milford Luse, Centre Hall; Miss Jennie, at home; Samuel, Sumner, Cleve, and Thomas.

Mrs. Kerstetter is well known by many of the Reporter readers, the family having lived on the Wilson (now Stoner) farm, at the Centre Hall railroad station, for a number of years.

After an illness of but a few days Ellis S. Shaffer died on Friday morning of pneumonia, at his home in Madisonburg. Interment was made at that place on Tuesday forenoon, Rev. Hassinger, of Rebersburg, being the officiating minister. His age was fifty-six years, nine months.

Mr. Shaffer was the son of Adam Shaffer, and was a native of Brush Valley. He was twice married—first to Miss Jane Frank, now deceased. The second wife, Miss Alice Nestlerode, survives. There were no children. Uriah Shaffer, of Madisonburg, and Mrs. J. W. Hazel, of Spring Mills, a brother and sister, respectively, survive.

The deceased was well known throughout Centre county, and in 1905 was the Democratic nominee for sheriff against Henry Kline, Republican, but was defeated.

William Witmer, one of the wealthiest farmers in Centre county, died at his home in Benner township, on Wednesday morning. Had he lived until March he would have been ninety-two years old. He had been in very delicate health for several years.

Interment will be made at Shiloh, on Friday.

Four children survive; namely, Mrs. John Felding, Linden Hall; Mrs. John Kline, State College; Mrs. Aaron Thomas, Centre Hall; James, who for several years lived with his father. Mrs. Wesley Corman died at Curtin three years ago. The remainder of the children died in infancy. Mrs. Daniel Everhart and Mrs. Margaret Baney, of Bellefonte, are surviving sister.

Mrs. Harry Auman, of Green Brier, is mourning the death of a little daughter—Bernice Edna Bowersox—by a former marriage. The death occurred Thursday night of last week, and interment was made Saturday afternoon. Her age was three years, ten months, twenty days.

LOCALS

Are you advertising?

Mrs. Rebecca Floray is quite ill.

It was pretty cold on Monday morning.

The new minister was all right and so was the sexton.

Mrs. (Dr.) G. H. Widder, of Harrisburg, is at the J. J. Arney home.

Elmer Swartz, the Madisonburg blacksmith, is suffering very much from a sore limb, the result of a severe attack of fever.

William, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Kittleberger, at Curwensville, who had been ill of scarlet fever, is improving.

William Lee, of Colyer, father of Sheriff A. B. Lee, is seriously ill. His condition is such that there is little hope for his recovery.

The display of machinery made at the Pennsylvania State Grange, in Clearfield, by the DeLaval Cream Separator Company, is being cared for by D. W. Bradford, of Centre Hall, a local agent. By the way, it may be stated that he was offered a blockman's place in West Virginia, but it is not likely that he will accept it.

The editor and family had a very liberal supply of venison furnished by the Slack-Tigers, and A. P. Krape, who with William Homan hunted with the Zimmermans in the Alleghenies. If we are competent judges, the venison was first class this year. The hunting clubs will please accept thanks for their kind remembrance.

The Philipsburg Ledger published an illustration of the Rush township home for the poor. Accompanying the illustration is a lengthy account of expenditures occasioned to maintain the poor in Rush township for a number of years preceding the establishing of this home. It develops that in 1911 ninety-seven persons received aid, and now but one person is in the home. It is further stated that one person who secured aid in the past had a bank account of $1000, another had property worth $2000, and received in addition to the township aid $20 per month from a beneficial society.

When you have a bilious attack give Chamberlain's Tablets a trial. They are excellent. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Taylor—Six Months, $150

John Taylor was sentenced on Tuesday by Judge Orvis to six months imprisonment in the county jail and to pay a fine of $50, for cruelty to animals. He was also found guilty of malicious mischief, but the penalty for this offense was suspended.

Meyer Property Sold

Mrs. Agnes Meyer sold her house and lot at Linden Hall to John H. Weibly, the section boss on the L. and T., with headquarters in that village. The price was $900. Mr. Weibly purchased the property for his own use.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

James McKinley died at Nealmont, aged almost eighty-three years. He was formerly a resident of Centre county and served in Company C, 7th Regiment. A brother, Samuel McKinley, of Julian, survives.

Three of the regulations of parcels post must be remembered by every one, and they are these: (1) A distinctive parcels post stamp must be used; (2) the parcel must be mailed at the postoffice; (3) the parcel must bear the return card of the sender.

A contributor to the Pittsburg Post boosts C. R. Kurtz, editor of the Centre Democrat, for collector at the port Philadelphia. This is the position held by Hon. P. G. Meek, editor of the Watchman, under the Cleveland administration. If experience in collecting is a requirement for this post, a newspaper man is eligible. And so may Editor Kurtz succeed.

You will find that druggists everywhere speak well of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. They know from long experience in the sale of it that in cases of coughs and colds it can always be depended upon, and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Reporter Register.

F. A. McClintic, Linden Hall
Harry Musser, Penns Cave
Estie Musser, Penns Cave
John P. Fretz, Collegeville
Cora Boal, and Elsie R. Boal, CentreHall.
Max Herr, Lock Haven

One's own town should be more than a place to stay in; perhaps a place to toil in. It should be the chief town in the country.

Several bears were killed by Sugar Valley hunters.

If you are troubled with chronic constipation, the mild and gentle effect of Chamberlain's Tablets makes them especially suited to your case. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Obliging His Son.

Customer—I want to order a new suit for myself. Please measure my son. Tailor—Your son? Customer—Yes. You see, he wears my castoff clothes, and the rascal always complains they do not fit him!—Leslie's Weekly.

Satisfactorily Defined.

Willie—Pa, what is the meaning of the expression "touch and go?" Papa—It's very simple, my son. It means extreme speed and refers to the professional borrowers, who make a touch and go so fast you seldom see them again.

Sale Register.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, AT 12:30 O'CLOCK, one fourth mile south of Red Mill, by Mrs. Annie Slack. Three horses, 5 cows, 8 young cattle, brood sows, full line of farming implements, and many other articles. L. F. Mayes, auctioneer.

"WANETD" AND "FOR SALE" ADVS.

COLT FOR SALE—Seven months old horse colt is offered for sale by the undersigned. Call Bell 'phone 7—23, Spring Mills. WITMER E. LEE, Potters Mills, Pa.

FOR SALE—One horse wagon, in good condition, medium weight. Also, new cook stove, used but one year; medium size.—H. J. MUELLER, Forester, Nittany Mountain, P. O. Address Bellefonte. (21)

GUN FOR SALE—New White Powder Wonder gun, single barrel, 12-gauge, single barrel; or will exchange for a watch. Call at meat market.—WALLACE HORNER, Centre Hall, Box 42. (0.1. p'd)

PROFESSIONAL NURSE—Any one wishing the services of a professional nurse is requested to communicate with the undersigned. Am a graduate of Rochester, N. Y., Hospital. Call 76-11 Bell Telephone, or address—BERTHA MYERS, Centre Hall, Pa. (0 50)

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE. The undersigned offers at private sale a farm containing 120 acres, all under cultivation, situate along the Lewisburg & Bellefonte R. R., one mile west of Millmont, Union county, Pa. The land and buildings are in first class condition. Fifteen acres of wood land will be sold with the farm. Terms and conditions of sale will be made easy. Address: JOHN W. LINCOLN, Executor, Estate of Anna M. Lincoln, Mifflinburg, Pa. o.49.

FOR SALE—Space for advertising in the Centre Reporter. If you want to advertise do so in a newspaper, not on fences. The Reporter reaches many homes in Penns and Brush Valleys and all other sections of Centre county. Be wise—advertise. THE CENTRE REPORTER, Centre Hall.

The Genuine DOMESTIC
Shipped Prepaid Direct From Factory
Established 1868
On Approval!
The kind your grandmothers used. Over 2,000,000 now in use. Two machines in one—both lockstitch and chain stitch. Latest model—all newest improvements.
15 Days' Free Trial
No deposit, nothing down—no obligation. You need not pay a penny until you have tried your machine 15 days. Your choice of terms. Cash after trial or easy payments as low as $1.00 per month. **25-Year Guarantee** Signed 25 year guarantee, backed by our $1,000,000 corporation, given with every machine. The most liberal sewing machine guarantee ever offered. WRITE NOW for Domestic Book and full particulars of this great offer. A postal will bring it FREE by return mail.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO. Dept. B200 CHICAGO

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

The Useful and Appreciated Kind are the most desirable

The Gift-giving Problem isn't such a serious one if you allow your good judgment and common sense govern your buying. Remember that articles of wearing apparel are always appreciated by the recipient of the gift, and the giver is always relieved of that feeling that comes from the purchase of some useless and inappropriate article.

Suitable gifts for all may be found at our store. A few of the many are:

Sets Fancy Dishes, Ladies' Umbrellas, Ornamental Covers, plain Linen Covers, Ladies' & Men's Gloves, Men's Caps, a Fine line of Men's Ties.

CANDY—the good wholesome kind

Don't forget the Candy! The children will be looking for it. To them, Christmas without candy is like the "Fourth" without fire crackers—it's not real. We have the candy—any amount and any kind of it—toy, mixture, and all chocolate—all wholesome and good. The old folks like the taste of candy at Christmas time, too. Buy lots of candy; its the best as well as the cheapest Christmas gift.

KREAMER & SON

CENTRE HALL

We wish to call your attention to the fact that most infectious diseases such as whooping cough, diphtheria and scarlet fever are contracted when the child has a cold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will quickly cure a cold and greatly lessen the danger of contracting these diseases. This remedy is famous for its cures of colds. It contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given to a child with implicit confidence. Sold by all dealers. adv.

Cord Wood For Sale

The undersigned offers for sale dead and laying pole wood, at 25c per two-horse load. Also, green wood, cut to cord length. Will be delivered if desired.

H. J. MUELLER,
State Reservation Nittany Mountain

FIRE, LIFE and ACCIDENT
INSURANCE

Consult us before placing your risks.

W. H. Bartholomew & Son
Centre Hall, Pa.

Christmas Goods

You will find at our store a full line of Christmas Goods, all bright, fresh, clean

Silverware, Fancy Dishes, Glassware, Ornaments for Christmas Decorations, Toys, Candies, Oranges, Nuts, and Fruits,

the best that the market affords.

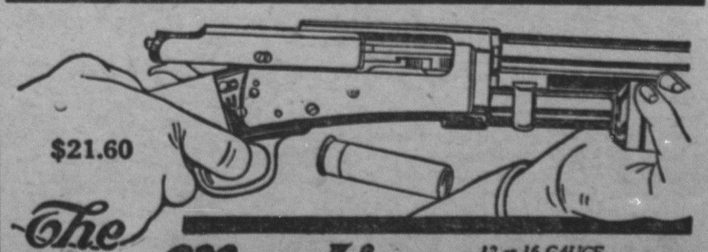
Fancy Groceries for the Holiday Season

You will find our store always well stocked with all staple goods—groceries, dry goods of all kinds, notions, rubber goods, boots, shoes, etc.

Prices not advanced during the Holiday Season

W. H. STUART, Boalsburg

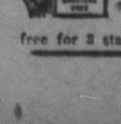
$21.60



The **Marlin** 12 or 16 GAUGE Repeating Shotgun

Made famous by its dependability. The solid top and side ejection keep gases and powder away from your eyes; help quick, effective repeat shots. Rain, sleet, snow and foreign matter can't get into the action. The mechanism is strong, simple, wear-resisting. The double extractors pull any shell instantly; two special safety devices prevent accidental discharge while action is unlocked, and an automatic recoil block makes hang fires harmless. All Marlins are strongly made, finely balanced, accurate, hard hitting guns, and are the quickest and easiest to take down and clean. Illustration shows Model 24 grade "A" 12 gauge; it has all the features that make for a perfect gun.

Send three stamps postage today for our 136 page catalog describing the full Marlin line. The Marlin Firearms Co. 42 Willow Street New Haven, Conn.



It pays to reload your shells! Your empty fired shells are the expensive part of factory ammunition. They're as strong and good as new, and it's easy to reload! Merely de-cap and re-cap shell, insert powder, crimp shell on to bullet. You reload 100 .32-40 S. R. cartridges (buying bullets) in ½ hour at total expense 77c.; casting bullets yourself 38c.; new factory cartridges cost $2.52. Free—Ideal Hand Book tells all about reloading all rifle, pistol and shotgun ammunition; 160 pages of valuable information; free for 2 stamps postage. The Marlin Firearms Co., 42 Willow St., New Haven, Conn.

Loss of Power

and vital force follow loss of flesh or emaciation. These come from impoverished blood.

Dr. Pierce's

Golden Medical Discovery

enlivens a torpid liver—enriches the blood—stops the waste of strength and tissue and builds up healthy flesh—to the proper body weight. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it sets to work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, rouses every organ into natural action, and brings back health and strength.

Can anything else be "just as good" to take?

Use the old reliable

Hale's Honey

Of Horehound and Tar

For Coughs and Colds

Free from opium or anything injurious
At all druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Sold everywhere 25c. Booklet free.
JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

TROUBLE IN DINING ROOM

Little Mixup Between Ladies Accepted Philosophically by the Torpidville Landlord.

"At one time yesterday it looked like we was going to have a little trouble here in the dining room, but it didn't come to nothin' much," related the landlord of the Torpidville tavern. "Maxine and Sylphie, the young ladies that are waitin' table, got to squabblin' about a p'int of etiquette, or the merits of their respective fellers, or something that-a-way, as ladies is everlastin'ly doin', and Sylphie, I reckon it was, told Maxine, or mebby Maxine told Sylphie—anyhow, one told the other that she wasn't no better than she ort to be. And Maxine, or Sylphie, whichever it was, got sorter fussy about it and answered that she was too, and she didn't care who knew it! And then they kind o' tied in on each other and went 'round and 'round as it were, and it took 'em quite a while after it was over to wash the ketchup and broken glass out of their coffers, as they call their hair. But that's all it amounted to, and there's no use in firin' 'em, for ladies will be ladies and there ain't no help for it."
—Kansas City Sun.

Two Guesses.

"Well," said the proud father as the doctor entered the room, "what is it—a boy or a girl?"

"I'll give you two guesses, and even then you won't guess right," said the doctor.

"Tush! nonsense!" said the proud father. "Boy?'

"Nope," said the doctor.

"Ah—girl, then?" said the proud father.

"Nope," said the doctor.

"Ah—I know," said the proud father, sadly.—Harper's Weekly.

No Call for Anxiety.

The citizen put the solicited coin in the hand of the tramp.

"And now I want your assurance," he said, "that this money will not be used for any unworthy or unnecessary purpose."

The tramp drew back.

"You don't think fr a minute that I'd waste it on food an' clothes, do you?" he indignantly demanded.

An old toper says that none are so blind as those who refuse an eye opener.

Only a poor love letter can be spoiled by weak spelling.

NEVER TIRES

Of the Food That Restored Her to Health.

"Something was making me ill and I didn't know the cause," writes a Colo. young lady: "For two years I was thin and sickly, suffering from indigestion and inflammatory rheumatism.

"I had tried different kinds of diet, and many of the remedies recommended, but got no better

"Finally, Mother suggested that I try Grape-Nuts, and I began at once, eating it with a little cream or milk. A change for the better began at once.

"To-day I am well and am gaining weight and strength all the time. I've gained 10 lbs. in the last five weeks and do not suffer any more from indigestion, and the rheumatism is all gone.

"I know it is to Grape-Nuts alone that I owe my restored health. I still eat the food twice a day and never tire of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The flavour of Grape-Nuts is peculiar to itself. It is neutral, not too sweet and has an agreeable, healthful quality that never grows tiresome.

One of the sources of rheumatism is from overloading the system with acid material, the result of imperfect digestion and assimilation.

As soon as improper food is abandoned and Grape-Nuts is taken regularly, digestion is made strong, the organs do their work of building up good red blood cells and of carrying away the excess of disease-making material from the system.

The result is a certain and steady return to normal health and mental activity. "There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

CONGRESS HEARS SECOND MESSAGE

President Tells of Treasury and Army Affairs.

PHILIPPINES ARE INCLUDED

Bill for Natives' Independennce Denounced as Premature—Progress of Panama Canal.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Congress today received from President Taft the second of his messages to the short session. It deals with fiscal, military, insular and judicial affairs and in part is as follows:

The condition of the country with reference to business could hardly be better. While the four years of the administration now drawing to a close have not developed great speculative expansion or a wide field of new investment, the recovery and progress made from the depressing conditions following the panic of 1907 have been steady and the improvement has been clear and easily traced in the statistics. The business of the country is now on a solid basis. Credits are not unduly extended and every phase of the situation seems in a state of prepared-ness for a period of unexampled prosperity. Manufacturing concerns are running at their full capacity and the demand for labor was never so constant and growing. The foreign trade of the country for this year will exceed $4,000,000,000, while the balance in our favor—that of the excess of exports over imports—will exceed $500,000,000. More than half our exports are manufactures or partly manufactured material, while our exports of farm products do not show the same increase of domestic consumption. It is a year of bumper crops; the total money value of farm products will exceed $9,500,000,000. It is a year when the bushel or unit price of agricultural products has gradually fallen, and yet the total value of the entire crop is greater by over $1,000,000,000 than we have known in our history.

Condition of the Treasury.

The condition of the treasury is very satisfactory. The total interest-bearing debt is $963,777,770, of which $134,631,980 constitute the Panama canal loan. The non-interest-bearing debt is $378,201,284.90, including $346,671,016 of greenbacks. We have in the treasury $150,000,000 in gold coin as a reserve against the outstanding greenbacks; and in addition we have a cash balance in the treasury as a general fund of $167,152,478.99, or an increase of $26,975,552 over the general fund last year.

Receipts and Expenditures.

For three years the expenditures of the government have decreased under the influence of an effort to economize. This year presents an apparent exception. The estimate by the secretary of the treasury of the ordinary receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, for the year ending June 30, 1914, indicates that they will amount to $170,000,000. The sum of the estimates of the expenditures for that same year, exclusive of Panama canal disbursements and postal disbursements payable from postal revenues is $732,000,000, indicating a deficit of $22,000,000. For the year ending June 30, 1913, similarly estimated receipts were $667,000,000, while the total corresponding estimate of expenditures for that year, submitted through the secretary of the treasury to congress, amounted to $856,000,000. This shows an increase of $76,000,000 in the estimates for 1914 over the total estimates of 1913. This is due to an increase of $25,000,000 in the estimate for rivers and harbors for the next year on projects and surveys authorized by congress; to an increase under the new pension bill of $32,500,000; and to an increase in the estimates for expenses of the navy department of $24,000,000. The estimate for the navy department for the year 1913 included two battleships. Congress made provision for only one battleship, and therefore the navy department has deemed it necessary and proper to make an estimate which includes the first year's expenditure for three battleships in addition to the amount required for work on the uncompleted ships now under construction. In addition to the natural increase in the expenditures for the uncompleted ships, and the additional battleship estimated for, the other increases are due to the pay required for 4,000 or more additional enlisted men in the navy, and to this must be added the additional cost of construction imposed by the change in the eight-hour law which makes it applicable to ships built in private shipyards.

With the exceptions of these three items, the estimates show a reduction this year below the total estimates for 1913 of more than $5,000,000.

The estimates for Panama canal construction for 1914 are $17,000,000 less than for 1913.

The president then explained at some length the national reserve association system recommended by the monetary commission and urged congress to examine the plan impartially from all standpoints and then to adopt some plan which will secure the benefits desired.

Concerning the tariff he had little to say in view of the fact that a new congress has been elected on a platform of tariff for revenue only.

Army Reorganization.

Our small army now consists of 83,809 men, excluding the 5,000 Philippine scouts. Leaving out of consideration the coast artillery force, whose position is fixed in our various seacoast defenses, and the present garrisons of our various insular possessions, we have today within the continental United States a mobile army of only about 35,000 men. This little force must be still further drawn upon to supply the new garrisons for the great naval base which is being established at Pearl Harbor, in the Hawaiian Islands, and to protect the locks now rapidly approaching completion at Panama. The forces remaining in the United States are now scattered in nearly fifty posts, situated for a variety of historical reasons in twenty-four states. These posts contain only fractions of regiments, averaging less than 700 men each. In time of peace it has been our historical policy to administer these units separately by a geographical organization. In other words, our army in time of peace has never been a united organization but merely scattered groups of companies, battalions and regiments, and the first task in time of war has been to create out of these scattered units an army fit for effective teamwork and co-operation.

To the task of meeting these patent defects, the war department has been addressing itself during the past year. A comprehensive plan of reorganization was prepared by the war college division of the general staff. This plan was thoroughly discussed last summer at a series of open conferences held by the secretary of war and attended by representatives from all branches of the army and from congress. In printed form it has been distributed to members of congress and throughout the army and the national guard, and widely through institutions of learning and elsewhere in the United States. In it, for the first time, we have a tentative chart for future progress.

The National Guard.

Under existing law the national guard constitutes, after the regular army, the first line of national defense. Its organization, discipline, training, and equipment, under recent legislation, have been assimilated, as far as possible, to those of the regular army, and its practical efficiency, under the effect of this training, has very greatly increased. Our citizen soldiers under present conditions have reached a stage of development beyond which they cannot reasonably be asked to go without further direct assistance in the form of pay from the federal government. On the other hand, such pay from the national treasury would not be justified unless it produced a proper equivalent in additional efficiency on the part of the national guard. The organized militia today cannot be ordered outside of the limits of the United States, and thus cannot lawfully be used for general military purposes. The officers and men are ambitious and eager to make themselves thus available and to become an efficient national reserve of citizen soldiery. They are the only force of trained men, other than the regular army, upon which we can rely. The so-called military pay bill, in the form agreed on between the authorities of the war department and the representatives of the national guard, in my opinion adequately meets these conditions and offers a proper return for the pay which it is proposed to give to the national guard. I believe that its enactment into law would be a very long step toward providing this nation with a first line of citizen soldiery, upon which its main reliance must depend in case of any national emergency. Plans for the organization of the national guard into tactical divisions, on the same lines as those adopted for the regular army, are being formulated by the war college division of the general staff.

Porto Rico, Mr. Taft says, continues to show notable progress and he urges the senate to pass the bill granting the Porto Ricans American citizenship.

Philippines.

A bill is pending in congress, continues the message, which revolutionizes the carefully worked out scheme of government under which the Philippine islands are now governed and which proposes to render them virtually autonomous at once and absolutely independent in eight years. Such a proposal can only be founded on the assumption that we have now discharged our trusteeship to the Filipino people and our responsibility for them to the world, and that they are now prepared for self-government as well as national sovereignty. A thorough and unbiased knowledge of the facts clearly shows that these assumptions are absolutely with justification. As to this, I believe that there is no substantial difference of opinion among any of those who have had the responsibility of facing Philippine problems in the administration of the islands, and I believe that no one to whom the future of this people is a responsible concern can countenance a policy fraught with the direct consequences to those on whose behalf it is ostensibly urged.

In the Philippine islands we have embarked upon an experiment unprecedented in dealing with dependent peoples. We are developing there conditions exclusively for their own welfare. We found an archipelago containing 24 tribes and races, speaking a great variety of languages, and with a population over 80 per cent. of which could neither read nor write. Through the unifying forces of a common education, of commercial and economic development, and of gradual participation in local self-government we are endeavoring to evolve a homogeneous people fit to determine, when the time arrives, their own destiny. We are seeking to arouse a national spirit and not, as under the older colonial theory, to suppress such a spirit. The character of the work we have been doing is keenly recognized in the Orient, and our success thus far followed with not a little envy by those who, initiating the same policy, find themselves hampered by conditions grown up in earlier days and under different theories of administration. But our work is far from done. Our duty to the Filipinos is far from discharged. Over half a million Filipino students are now in the Philippine schools helping to mold the men of the future into a homogeneous people, but there still remain more than a million Filipino children of school age yet to be reached. Freed from American control the integrating forces of a common education and a common language will cease and the eucational system now well started will slip back into inefficiency and disorder.

An enormous increase in the commercial development of the islands has been made since they were virtually granted full access to our markets three years ago, with every prospect of increasing development and diversified industries. Freed from American control such development is bound to decline. Every observer speaks of the great progress in public works for the benefit of the Filipinos, of harbor improvements, of road and railways, of irrigation and artesian wells, public buildings, and better means of communication. But large parts of the islands are still unreached, still even unexplored, roads and railways are needed in many parts, irrigation systems are still to be installed and wells to be driven. Whole villages and towns are still without means of communication other than almost impassible roads and trails. Even the great progress in sanitation, which has successfully suppressed smallpox, the bubonic plague, and Asiatic cholera, has found the cause of and a cure for beriberi, has segregated the lepers, has helped to make Manila the most healthful city in the Orient, and to free life throughout the whole archipelago from its former dread diseases, is nevertheless incomplete in many essentials of permanence in sanitary policy. Even more remains to be accomplished. If freed from American control sanitary progress is bound to be arrested and all that has been achieved likely to be lost.

If the task we have undertaken is higher than that assumed by other nations its accomplishment must demand even more patience. We must not forget that we found the Filipinos wholly untrained in government. Up to our advent all other experience sought to repress rather than encourage political power. It takes long time and much experience to ingrain political habits of steadiness and efficiency. Popular self-government ultimately must rest upon common habits of thought and upon a reasonably developed public opinion. No such foundations for self-government, let alone independence, are now present in the Philippine Islands. Disregarding even their racial heterogeneity and the lack of ability to think as a nation, it is sufficient to point out that under liberal franchise privileges only about 3 per cent. of the Filipinos vote and only 5 per cent. of the people are said to read the public press. To confer independence upon the Filipinos now is, therefore, to subject the great mass of their people to the dominance of an oligarchical and, probably, exploiting minority. Such a course will be as cruel to those people as it would be shameful to us.

Our true course is to pursue steadily and courageously the path we have thus far followed; to guide the Filipinos into self-sustaining pursuits; to continue the cultivation of sound political habits through education and political practice; to encourage the diversification of industries, and to realize the advantages of their industrial education by conservatively approved co-operative methods, at once checking the dangers of concentrated wealth and building up a sturdy, independent citizenship.

Regulation of Water Power.

There are pending before congress a large number of bills proposing to grant privileges of erecting dams for the purpose of creating water power in our navigable rivers. The pendency of these bills has brought out an important defect in the existing general dam act. That act does not, in my opinion, grant sufficient power to the federal government in dealing with the construction of such dams to exact protective conditions in the interest of navigation. It does not permit the federal government, as a condition of its permit, to require that a part of the value thus created shall be applied to the further general improvement and protection of the stream. I believe this to be one of the most important matters of internal improvement now confronting the government. Most of the navigable rivers of this country are comparatively long and shallow. In order that they may be made fully useful for navigation there has come into vogue a method of improvement known as canalization, or the slack-water method, which consists in building a series of dams and locks, each of which will create a long pool of deep navigable water. At each of these dams there is usually created a long pool of deep navigable water. At each of these dams there is usually created also water power of commercial value. If the water power thus created can be made available for the further improvement of navigation in the stream, it is manifest that the improvement will be much more quickly effected on the one hand, and on the other, that the burden on the general taxpayers of the country will be very much reduced. Private interests seeking permits to building waterpower dams in navigable streams usually urge that they thus improve navigation, and that if they do not impair navigation they should be allowed to take for themselves the entire profits of the water-power development. Whatever they may do by way of relieving the government of the expense of improving navigation should be given due consideration, but it must be apparent that there may be a profit beyond a reasonably liberal return upon the private investment which is a potential asset of the government in carrying out a comprehensive policy of waterway development. It is no objection to the retention and use of such an asset by the government that a comprehensive waterway policy will include the protection and development of the other public uses of water, which cannot and should not be ignored in making and executing plans for the protection and development of navigation. It is also equally clear that inasmuch as the water power thus created is or may be an incident of a general scheme of waterway improvement within the constitutional jurisdiction of the federal government, the regulation of such water power lies also within that jurisdiction. In my opinion constructive statesmanship requires that legislation should be enacted which will permit the development of navigation in these great rivers to go hand in hand with the utilization of this by-product of water power, created in the course of the same improvement, and that the general dam act should be so amended as to make this possible. I deem it highly important that the nation should adopt a consistent and harmonious treatment of these water-power projects, which will preserve for this purpose their value to the government, whose right it is to grant the permit. Any other policy is equivalent to throwing away a most valuable national asset.

The Panama Canal.

During the past year the work of construction upon the canal has progressed most satisfactorily. About 87 per cent. of the excavation work has been completed, and more than 93 per cent. of the concrete for all the locks is in place. In view of the great interest which has been manifested as to some slides in the Culebra Cut, I am glad to say that the report of Col. Goethals should allay any apprehension on this point. It is gratifying to note that none of the slides which occurred during this year would have interfered with the passage of the ships had the canal, in fact, been in operation, and when the slope pressures will have been finally adjusted and the growth of vegetation will minimize erosion in the banks of the cut, the slide problem will be practically solved and an ample stability assured for the Culebra Cut.

Although the official date of the opening has been set for January 1, 1915, the canal will, in fact, from present indications, be opened for shipping during the latter half of 1913. No fixed date can as yet be set, but shipping interests will be advised as soon as assurances can be given that vessels can pass through without unnecessary delay.

Recognizing the administrative problem in the management of the canal, congress in the act of August 24, 1912, has made admirable provision for executive responsibility in the control of the canal and the government of the Canal Zone. The problem of most efficient organization is receiving careful consideration, so that a scheme of organization and control best adapted to the conditions of the canal may be formulated and put in operation as expeditiously as possible. Acting under the authority conferred on me by congress, I have, by executive proclamation, promulgated the following schedule of tolls for ships passing through the canal, based upon the thorough report of Emory R. Johnson, special commissioner on traffic and tolls:

1. On merchant vessels carrying passengers or cargo, $1.20 per net vessel ton—each 100 cubic feet—of actual capacity.

2. On vessels in ballast without passengers or cargo, 40 per cent. less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo.

3. Upon naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital ships, and supply ships, 50 cents per displacement ton.

4. Upon army and navy transports, colliers, hospital ships, and supply ships, $1.20 per net ton, the vessels to be measured by the same rules as are employed in determining the net tonnage of merchant vessels.

Rules for the determination of the tonnage upon which toll charges are based are now in course of preparation and will be promulgated in due season.

Panama Canal Treaty.

The proclamation which I have issued in respect to the Panama Canal tolls is in accord with the Panama Canal act passed by this congress August 24, 1912. We have been advised that the British government has prepared a protest against the act and its enforcement in so far as it relieves from the payment of tolls American ships engaged in the American coastwise trade on the ground that it violates British rights under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty concerning the Panama Canal. When the protest is presented, it will be promptly considered and an effort made to reach a satisfactory adjustment of any differences there may be between the two governments.

Workmen's Compensation Act.

The promulgation of an efficient workmen's compensation act, adapted to the particular conditions of the zone, is awaiting adequate appropriation by congress for the payment of claims arising thereunder. I urge that speedy provision be made in order that we may install upon the zone a system of settling claims for injuries in best accord with modern humane, social, and industrial theories.

Promotion for Col. Goethals.

As the completion of the canal grows nearer, and as the wonderful executive work of Col. Goethals becomes more conspicuous in the eyes of the country and of the world, it seems to me wise and proper to make provision by law for such reward to him as may be commensurate with the service that he has rendered to his country. I suggest that this reward take the form of an appointment of Col. Goethals as a major general in the army of the United States, and that the law authorizing such appointment be accompanied with a provision permitting his designation as chief of engineers upon the retirement of the present incumbent of that office.

Navy Department.

The navy of the United States is in a greater state of efficiency and is more powerful than it has been before, but in the emulation which exists between different countries in respect to the increase of naval and military armaments this condition is not a permanent one. In view of the many improvements and increases by foreign governments the slightest halt on our part in respect to new construction throws us back and reduces us from a naval power of the first rank and places us among the nations of the second rank.

A year ago congress refused to appropriate for more than one battleship. In this I think a great mistake of policy was made, and I urgently recommend that this congress make up for the mistake of the last session by appropriations authorizing the construction of three battleships, in addition to destroyers, fuel ships, and the other auxiliary vessels as shown in the building program of the general board. We are confronted by a condition in respect to the navies of the world which requires us, if we would maintain our navy as an insurance of peace, to augment our naval force by at least two battleships a year and by battle cruisers, gunboats, torpedo destroyers, and submarine boats in a proper proration. We have no desire for war. We go as far as any nation in the world to avoid war, but we are a world power. Our population, our wealth, our definite policies, our responsibilities in the Pacific and the Atlantic, our defense of the Panama canal, together with our enormous world trade and our missionary outposts on the frontiers of civilization, require us to recognize our position as one of the foremost in the family of nations, and to clothe ourselves with sufficient naval power to give force to our reasonable demands, and to give weight to our influence in those directions of progress that a powerful Christian nation should advocate.

Department of Justice.

This department has been very active in the enforcement of the law. It has been better organized and with a larger force than ever before in the history of the government. The prosecutions which have been successfully concluded and which are now pending testify to the effectiveness of the department work.

The prosecution of trusts under the Sherman anti-trust law has gone on without restraint or diminution, and decrees similar to those entered in the Standard Oil and Tobacco cases have been entered in other suits, like the suits against the powder trust and the bath tub trust. I am very strongly convinced that a steady, consistent course in this regard, with a continuing of Supreme court decisions upon the new phases of the trust question not already finally decided, is going to offer a solution of this much-discussed and troublesome issue in a quiet, calm and judicial way, without any radical legislation changing the governmental policy in regard to combinations now denounced by the Sherman anti-trust law. I have already recommended as an aid in this matter legislation which would declare unlawful certain well-known phases of unfair competition in interstate trade, and I have also advocated voluntary national incorporation for the larger industrial enterprises, with provision for a closer supervision by the bureau of corporations, or a board appointed for the purpose, so as to make certain compliance with the anti-trust law on the one hand and to give greater security to the stockholders against possible prosecutions on the other. I believe, however, that the orderly course of litigation in the courts and the regular prosecution of trusts charged with the violation of the anti-trust law is producing among business men a clearer and clearer perception of the line of distinction between business that is to be encouraged and business that is to be condemned, and that in this quiet way the question of trusts can be settled and competition retained as an economic force to secure reasonableness in prices and freedom and independence in trade.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Thne He Went.

"Ah," remarked Miss Weary, whom Mr. Staylate had been boring with old conundrums, "that last one reminds me of the best thing going——"

"What's that?" he asked, eagerly.

"A man who has stayed too long."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Ambiguous.

Maud—What kind of a man did Caroline marry? Beatrix—The kind who can come home from Europe with money in his pocket.

The Real Boss.

"Well, which one of the newly married pair is boss?"

"No one can tell."

"Why not?"

"Her mother is visiting them at present."

The Topic.

"What is being most discussed in the homes of the nations just now? The tariff?"

"No; I think fall housecleaning is just now on the carpet."

Both Alike.

"A dentist who wishes to change his business ought to be a good real estate agent."

"Why so?"

"Because he has had experience in making money out of ache-rs."

Tact.

She (sternly)—I have a rod in pickle for you.

He (genially)—If the pickle is one of those jars you fill so appetizingly, I shall welcome it, my dear.

Two of 'Em.

"Yes, I was a great player in my day," said Jones. "Made a goal from the kickoff. Can any of you beat that?"

"I've done the same, you bloomin' liar!" replied Brown.—Judge.

Its Class.

"Unhorsing a rival in the old days of chivalry was very much like a modern holiday in a busy life."

"How so?"

"It was taking a knight off."

New Way to Get Money.

There are many ways to get money from people, and in these days when it is often necessary to raise various sums for missionary and other church work, the ministers of the gospel make all sorts of moving appeals. But the preacher who takes the prize in this line of endeavor so far is an old colored man down south.

"We has a collection to take up dis mawnin,'" he said; "a collection for a mos' important cause, an' we needs as much money as we kin git. But, foh de sake of your reputations, whichever of you stole Mr. Jones' turkeys don't put nothin' in de plate."

That was how he got money out of every member of his congregation.
—Popular Magazine.

Father's Admiration.

Mrs. Shortley was discussing the latest fashions with a young lady caller.

"Did you say your husband was fond of those clinging gowns, Mae?"

"Yes, he likes one to cling to me for about three years."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Perspicuous.

Percy (just introduced)—Ah! So you're the chap who makes mud heads?

Sculptor—Not all of them.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels, and Destroy Worms. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 22 years. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. Adv.

Just Before the Battle.

"Would you marry him if you were me?"

"I'd marry anyone that asked me, if I were you."

For SUMMER HEADACHES

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Every woman should have an aim in life, even if she can't throw a stone with any degree of accuracy.

The honeymoon is on the wane when hubby quits taking wife everywhere he goes.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy. Adv.

Most of the so called theatrical stars are rockets.

Ship Your Furs to FUNSTEN

We Want Ten Million Dollars' Worth of Furs

Bigger Prices! Better Grading! Most Money by Return Mail! These are some of the advantages that are yours when you send your Furs to Funsten Bros. & Co. in St. Louis—the Largest Fur House in the Largest Primary Fur Market in the World. Our sales are attended by the greatest fur buyers of this country, Europe and Canada. Competition among them is fierce. And up go the prices! Dealing direct with you as we do, can't you see why we can afford to pay you biggest prices?

Big Money in Trapping

Trap during spare time. Mink, Coon, Skunk, Muskrat, Wolf, Lynx, White Weasel and other furs are valuable to us, and it's a chief to catch them with Funsten Animal Bait. We want Ten Million Dollars' worth of just such furs and will pay cash for them. To get best results use—

Largest in the World!

Funsten Animal Bait—$1 Can

We guarantee this bait to increase your catch. Animals can't resist it. One can, at a dollar, made $1,100 clear profit for one man. Used by U. S. Government and by experienced trappers everywhere. Took Grand Prize, World's Fair, 1904. A different bait for each kind of animal. State kind wanted.

TRAPS AT FACTORY COST—including the famous Victor, also entire outfits for trappers. All at saving prices.

FREE—Trapper's Guide, Game Laws, Supply Catalog—2 books in 1—with Fur Market Report, Shipping Tags, etc. Write today.

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Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

The superior materials used, the exceptional care in manufacture, and the well-known and the successful Waterman patents, make this pen the standard of the writing world everywhere. Always ready and accurate.

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IN PLACE OF LATHS AND PLASTER

Saves money in material, time and labor. Made in sheets 32x36 inches. Easily nailed to the studs and is ready for plaster or paint. **$3.75 per 100 sq. ft.** Will not shrink, warp or crack. Proof against FIRE, SOUND, VERMIN, HEAT and COLD. Write for sample and prices.

THE HERCULES PLASTER BOARD CO., HAMPTON, VA.

GUARANTEED Formulas for Gold Paint, Stove Lining and Furniture Polish. Made at home for a few cents; used with great success. All three for 25c silver. W. H. Rass, 4151 N. Lincoln St., Chicago

FOR SALE—80 A. IN PR. GEORGE CO., Md., near Washington, D. C.; 45 a. cult., new 6 r. house, basement barn, 6 outbldgs., nice orchard, cellar, etc., all conviences. Price, $5,000, terms. F. Hintze, Brandywine, Md.

FOR SALE—30 A. IN CAMAGUEY CO., Cuba, near town; 16 a. cult., house, etc. Have to go to U. S. Will sacrifice. Address JOHN ERICKSON, TURIGUANO, CUBA.

Views 12 colored Greater Boston or 12 handsome Xmas cards and our Exchange, Correspondence and Acquaintance Triple club offer, 10c. 2 Leach, 51 Sumner St., Everett, Mass.

Lady Agents everywhere to sell our famous "Knittop" petticoats. Warm and close fitting. Sells on sight. Write Excelsior Novelty Co., 222 West Court St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

A HIDDEN DANGER

It is a duty of the kidneys to rid the blood of uric acid, an irritating poison that is constantly forming inside.

When the kidneys fail, uric acid causes rheumatic attacks, headache, dizziness, gravel, urinary troubles, weak eyes, dropsy or heart disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys fight off uric acid—bringing new strength to weak kidneys and relief from backache and urinary ills.

A KENTUCKY CASE.

Mrs. K. P. Ward, 713 Church St., Bowling Green, Ky., says: "I suffered terribly from my kidneys and had awful pains in my back. I had run down to 109 pounds and was rapidly growing worse. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me from the first and I steadily improved. I now weigh 125 pounds and feel better than before in years."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

COULDN'T BE WORSE.

Percy—I haven't-aw-been quite myself of late, you know.

Kitty—Indeed? I hadn't noticed any improvement.

Made-to-Order Kind.

"My wife is always bringing home so much toothpowder," complained a man the other day to a friend. "Its a waste of money. As for me I just take the bathtub cleanser and scrub my teeth."

The pair were walking down Chestnut street and his companion stopped in amazement. "What! Doesn't it hurt your teeth and gums, too?" he exclaimed almost in horror.

"No," came back the surprising reply. "You see they're the kind you buy at the dentist's."

Gender.

A woman teacher was explaining gender to a grade of young children as visitors entered. They begged her to continue, as they would be delighted to hear the children's replies.

"Children," she asked, "what is 'girl,' 'woman,' 'man'?"

One little hand was so eager, she appealed to the owner proudly.

"Well, Artie?"

"Girls is females, woman is a male and man's a human bean."—Judge.

Gives Him a Chance to Pursue.

"The best way for a girl to catch a man is by running away from him."

"That's right, there's no danger of her beating him out in a hobble skirt."

Gloomy Outlook.

"It's going to be a hard winter."

"How can you tell?"

"By the size of the salary I'm getting."

Some of the charity that begins at home isn't worth making a fuss about.

Borrowed money often causes a total loss of memory.

Model Breakfast

—has charming flavour and wholesome nourishment—

Post Toasties

and Cream.

This delightful food, made of Indian Corn, is really fascinating.

Corn, says Dr. Hutchison, a noted English authority, is one of the ideal foods.

As made into Post Toasties, it is most attractive to the palate.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by grocers—

Packages 10 and 15 cts.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

Horticulture

GRAPES FOR USE IN WINTER

Placed in Department of House Cellar Without Any Artificial Heat Some Keep Well.

What a pity it is that grapes will not keep longer. Every autumn I place in a department of my house cellar, where there is no artificial heat, baskets of various varieties of grapes, says a writer in Green's Fruit Grower. I do not expect the Worden, Concord, Delaware and Niagara to keep long, therefore I consume them first. After these I consume the Brighton, which is a fairly good keeper, but which shrivels up considerably. Barry has kept well with me this season. Gaertner, a red grape, has kept perfectly up to Thanksgiving.

Mills, a black grape with very large compact cluster, is the best keeper of all that I have tested, being in perfect condition on Thanksgiving day.

I hear of many methods of keeping

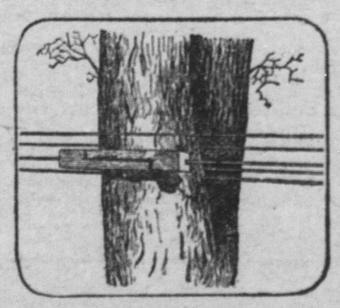
A Good Keeping Variety.

grapes through the winter, but I have never succeeded in doing so in my ordinary fruit room. The grapes must not be placed in piles in baskets or boxes. With me they do the best in single layers. If one layer is piled on top of another they are inclined to rot. Some people cut off portions of the vine with clusters on it and place the ends of the vine in a bottle of water and report good results in keeping the grapes plump and fresh. Others insert one end of each stem of grapes in a bottle of water, but when the water evaporates it must have attention, therefore this is rather an expensive method. The Catawba has the reputation of being the best keeper of the hardy nothern grapes. The Catawba and even the Delaware are kept, as I assume in cold storage, and put on the market in western New York all through the winter, but I observe there is difficulty in keeping even the Catawba in prime condition for the holidays.

INSULATOR FOR THE TREES

Wood Used Should Be Thoroughly Waterproofed to Prevent Branches From Forming.

Part of the telephone lineman's work consists in keeping the wires clear of trees and their branches, which often afford a good ground. The Morse tree insulator here shown is simple and quickly placed on the wire,



Tree Insulator.

says the Popular Electricity. It is a rectangular piece of wood that may be placed on a wire by means of two crosswise grooves deep enough to meet a shallow groove on the face. The wire passes from one crosswise groove along the face groove and out by way of the second groove, the middle of the insulator thus held by the wire bearing against the limb or tree without the use of nails or other fasteners. The wood for the insulator is thoroughly waterproofed.

Quantities of Water.

Consider the kind of plant you are watering. Soft-stemmed kinds, especially those with large leaves, will require much more water than hard-wooded, slow-growing kinds. While the former easily recover from drouth, the hard-wooded suffer permanently from extremes.

The seasons and time of day should also be watched. Plants not in active growth should be watered sparingly until they have regained their foliage. Watering in the evening just before dark greatly aids fungous diseases, as the foliage remains wet through the night.

Cool the Ashes.

Ashes for fertilizing the grape vine should be cooled before applying them and then they should be so placed that they will not come in contact with the vine itself but rather enter the ground and fertilize the roots.

PLOWING DEEP FOR ORCHARD

It Is of Utmost Importance to Examine Shoots of Young Trees for Harmful Little Borer.

In planting a peach orchard the ground should be plowed deep, followed with a sub-soil plow in the same furrow, the deeper the ground is broken up the better. Before planting, it is of the utmost importance to examine the shoots of the young trees for the borer. Generally nurserymen send out peach trees without taking out the borer. A tree planted with a borer in it is sure to die in a few years, very often in its third year after planting. It puts the beginner in the uncertainty to know what is the cause of the death of his trees. They often look as if they were suffering with the yellows, while it is the borer killing the tree. Two years ago we had three trees that to all appearance had the true yellows. When taking out the trees we found two and three borers in the crotch of the roots where it was impossible to see any signs of a borer.

The trees should be examined every spring and fall, and the borer taken out with the knife.

A peach orchard should be started low. The young trees should be cut back when planted from 15 to 24 inches with not a side branch on them. They will put out side branches and make a low, bushy tree for five or six years. After that, they become large and high, bearing fruit almost from the ground to the top of the tree. For the first three years, the new wood should be cut back from a third to one-half. After that it requires not so much cutting back. Only where a leading branch takes possession of the entire growth such a leader should be cut back on a level with the head of the tree. All the dead wood should be taken out after each crop.

FIGHTING THE BORER PEST

Insect Works Injury by Cutting Into Bark and Sap Wood of Tree, Especially Young Ones.

The borer is one of the most serious pests orchardists have to contend with. We have both the round-headed borer in which case the worm or larva is in the wood during parts of three seasons and the flat-headed borer which lives in the trunk of the tree only one season.

The injury done by both is in cutting into the bark and sap wood of

Borers in Young Trees.

the tree, sometimes, especially in the case of young trees, almost entirely girdling them, thus ruining the trees.

The methods of fighting both round and flat headed borers are much the same. Two or three methods are available for making the control of borers more easy. In case of older trees, probably the most important method is by mounding, that is heaping up a little mound of earth around the base of the tree. This forces the insect to deposit its eggs higher on the tree so that the worm will be located higher. It is much easier to level this mound of earth down around the tree to find the borer than to have to dig away the soil when it is left level. However, mounding may not be practicable in very stony land. In case of younger trees, the best method is to wrap them with a wood veneer wrapper. And mound a very small amount of earth around these wrappers. This makes it very difficult for the parent of the borer to get its eggs deposited in the trunk of the tree. In sections where the borers are rather numerous, while this practice of wrapping should be followed, it should not be wholly depended upon, but the examining for the borer should also be done. If the wooden wrappers are used it may be necessary to spray inside of them with kerosene emulsion or lime-sulphur for the woofly aphis are apt to accumulate there.

Best Fertilizer.

Unleached hardwood ashes is one of the best fertilizers for fruit trees of all kinds. Thirty bushels per acre is a good dressing, but even more would be beneficial.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

The quince is an attractive and profitable fruit.

Storing apples in crates makes it easier to detect rot.

Almost any old time is a good time to spread manure in the orchard.

It pays to scatter a loose mulch over the strawberries after the ground is frozen.

Common window screening makes good protection from rabbits for the young trees.

The outdoor pit would make a fine place to store apples if they did not take on that "earthy" flavor.

Corn stalks or other litter about the trunks of apple trees invite the mice, and girdled trees are the result.

Do not purchase trees from unknown parties, no matter how fine their pictures and their promises.

The quince, properly planted, yields almost as much fruit as the pear, and is even more profitable than the pear in some localities.

Field mice like to take up their winter quarters in the orchard because here they are usually safe from the hawks and owls.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreets' says:

"Trade continues to move at a swift pace, but owing to improvement in retail distribution the returns are invested with a greater degree of uniformity than was heretofore visible. Jobbers, as well as wholesale dealers, are, if anything more active, while retail trade has been stimulated by colder weather, enlarged crop movement and expansion in holiday buying. Virtually all sections, save the South Atlantic States, where the cotton crop is short, join in sending favorable tidings.

"Business failures in the United States for the week were 247, against 268 last week, 216 in the like week of 1911; 217 in 1910, 230 in 1909 and 234 in 1908.

"Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week aggregate 5,686,017 bushels, against 6,114,537 last week and 4,855,316 this week last year."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red, 105½ elevator and 106½ f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 95¾ f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot firm; export, 53c f o b afloat to arrive.

Butter—Creamery extras, 36½@37c; firsts, 33@35½c; seconds, 29½@32; thirds, 27@27½; creamery held seconds, 29@30; state dairy finest, 33@34.

Eggs—Nearby selected whites, refrigerators, 23@26.

Dressed Poultry—Unsettled; fresh killed Western chickens, 11@18c; fowls, 13½@16½; turkeys, 18@22. Live poultry weak; Western chickens, 12½@13½c; fowls, 12½@13½; turkeys, 15.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat firm and ½c higher; No. 2 red winter, in export elevators, 97½@98c.

Dressed Poultry—Firm; good demand. Turkeys—Western fair to good, 17@22c; do, No. 1 old, 20@21c; fowls, Western, choice to fancy, 16@17c; do, smaller sizes, 12@15c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—Spot and November, 100½c; December, 100¾; January, 102⅞ nominal; March, 106⅝ nominal.

Corn—Western. Year, 52¼; spot mixed, 52¾; January, 51½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 37½; standard white, 36; No. 3 white, 35; No. 4 white, 33¾@34.

Rye—No. 2 Western, domestic, 77@78c; No. 3 do, 68@70; No. 4, 65@66. Bag lots nearby, as to quality, 65@75c.

Hay—Timothy—No. 1, $19.50@20; standard, $18.50@19; No. 2, $17.50@18; No. 3, $14@16. Clover mixed—Light, $16@16.50; No. 1, $15@15.50; No. 2, $13@14. Clover—No. 1, $13.50@14; No. 2, $10@12.

Straw—Rye straw—No. 1 straight, $18.50; No. 2, do, $16@16.50; No. 1 tangled, $11; No. 2, do, $9@10. Wheat straw—No. 1, $8; No. 2, $6.50@7.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 35½@36; creamery, choice, 34@35; creamery, good, 30@33; prints, 35@37; blocks, 34@36; ladles, 22@24; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 22@23.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 34c; Western firsts, 34; West Virginia firsts, 32@34; Southern firsts, 32@33. Recrated and rehandled eggs ½ to 1c higher.

Live Poultry—We quote, per lb: Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 13c; do, small to medium, 12; old roosters, 9; young, large, 14; do, small, 14. Ducks—White Pekings, 14c; muscovy, 13; puddle, 13. Geese—Nearby, 13; Western and Southern, 13; Kent Island, 14@15. Turkeys—Young, choice, 8 lbs and over, 15@17; old toms, 15@16. Pigeons—Old, 20c.

Live Stock

CHICAGO. — Beeves, $5.65@11; Texas steers, $4.40@5.75; Western steers, $5.60@9.20; stockers and feeders, $4.35@7.65; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.65; calves, $6.50@10.35.

Hogs—Light, $7.35@7.75; mixed, $7.35@7.80; heavy, $7.35@7.80; rough, $7.35@7.55; pigs, $5.50@7.50; bulk of sales, $7.60@7.75.

Sheep—Native, $3.75@4.75; Western, $4@4.65; yearlings, $5@6.35; lambs, native, $5.75@7.75; Western, $5.85@7.75.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Cattle—Dressed beef and export steers, $8@10.75; fair to good, $6.50@8; Southern steers, $4.50@7.10; Southern cows, $3.70@6; bulls, $4.25@6.25; calves, $5.50@9.50.

Hogs—Bulk of sales, $7.55@7.75; heavy, $7.70@7.75; packers and butchers, $7.50@7.72½; light, $7.45@7.65; pigs, $6.50@7.

Sheep—Lambs, $5.75@7.50; yearlings, $4.50@6; wethers, $4@4.60; ewes, $3.75@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3@4.50.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Cattle steady; supply light. Choice, $9.25@9.50; prime, $8.50@9.10.

Sheep—Steady; supply light. Prime wethers, $4@4.15; culls and commons, $2@2.50; lambs, $4.50@7; veal calves, $10@10.50.

Hogs—Prime heavies, $7.75@7.80; mediums, $7.75; heavy Yorkers, $7.75; light Yorkers, $7.65@7.75; pigs, $7.25@7.60; roughs, $6.75@7.15.

This is a Duke's Mixture Umbrella

Whether you smoke Duke's Mixture in pipe or cigarette, it is delightfully satisfying. Everywhere it is the choice of men who want real, natural tobacco.

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

In each 5c sack there are one *and a half* ounces of choice Virginia and North Carolina tobacco—pure, mild, rich—best sort of granulated tobacco. Enough to make many good, satisfying cigarettes—the kind that makes rolling popular. And with each sack you get a present coupon and a book of cigarette papers free.

Get an Umbrella Free

The coupons can be exchanged for all sorts of valuable presents. The list includes not only smokers' articles—but many desirable presents for women and children—umbrellas, cameras, toilet articles, tennis rackets, catcher's gloves and masks, etc.

During December and January only we will send our illustrated catalogue of presents FREE to any address. Ask for it on a postal, today.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c-tin double coupon),* PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St. Louis, Mo.

INFORMATION WANTED.

He—You say that all you want is a good home and a good husband. I can surely furnish you a good home

She—But can you furnish me a good husband?

ECZEMA SPREAD OVER BODY

R. F. D. No. 1, Lewisburg, Ky.—"Fifteen years ago I was badly affected with eczema upon my scalp first, then it spread all over my body and continued to grow worse for four years. It began with a dry rash. After forming thick scales or scabs the irritation forced me to scratch the scabs off and the hair would come out with them. Upon my face and body the sores would get inflamed and they disfigured my face. It was worse where my clothes irritated them. The eruption was a yellowish watery kind, sometimes bloody. In warm weather it was so bad I was not able to work on account of the raw irritating sores on my head and body.

"After trying various medicines without relief I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using four cakes of Cuticura Soap and four boxes of Cuticura Ointment and one bottle of the Resolvent I was entirely sound and well and have been for eleven years." (Signed) W. H. Williams, Mar. 19, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Advice From an Acquaintance.

"Now if I can get some acquaintance to indorse my note——"

"Better try some stranger."

Nearly every shiftless man has a horseshoe nailed over his door—that is, if he has a door.

Dropsy cured. Swelling quickly reduced. Shortness of Breath relieved in a few hours. Sample treatment free. TOLIDE DROPSY REMEDY CO., ATLANTA, GA. Adv.

The detective may be an earnest seeker, but he doesn't always find.

One Fisherman's Idea.

First Angler—Look, this fish was almost caught before; see the broken hook in its mouth.

Second Angler—It should have had sense enough to steer clear of hooks after that.

First Angler—Oh, come, you can't expect a fish to exhibit more sense than a human being.

Very Much So.

When Mrs. Jibbetts was asked why she neglected her friends so, she gave a bald excuse."

"What was it?"

"The baby."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children, 50 cents. Adv.

Just Shopping.

Tired Clerk (over piled up counter)—Can I show you anything else, madam?

Customer—Yes; the nearest way out.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Real Thing.

"Who was this great god Pan you read about who worked on pipes?"

"I guess he was a boss plumber."

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?

Try Bicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

To man the most fascinating woman in the world is the one he almost, but not quite, won.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

The chap who poses as a "good fellow" is apt to get the short end of it eventually.

ITCH Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Woolford's Sanitary Lotion for all kinds of contagious itch. At Druggists. Adv.

Hope is a pneumatic tire that is frequently punctured.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Are Richest in Curative Qualities
FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

PERFECT HEALTH.

Tutt's Pills keep the system in perfect order. They regulate the bowels and produce
A VIGOROUS BODY.
Remedy for sick headache, constipation,

Tutt's Pills

PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
25 CTS. FOR COUGHS AND COLDS 25 CTS.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12 1912

LOCALS

And Tuesday was a most beautiful day.

John C. Kuhn has been quite ill at his home at Old Fort. His condition is regarded serious.

Rev. Harry Buck, of Mifflin, came to Centre Hall on Monday and has since been with his sister, Mrs. F. P. Geary.

Mr. Bingaman, who installed several gasoline light plants in Spring Mills recently, was in that town the beginning of this week looking over his work.

Boies Brown is now mail carrier on Route No. 1, from Spring Mills, which takes in Farmers Mills, West Brush Valley and a portion of the country along the pike east of Spring Mills.

The Bellefonte council is having a dam controversy in which Gamble Green & Company are the daming party. There have been all sorts of controversies with the Centre Hall borough authorities but there have been no dam nuisances so far.

Rev. J. Max Lantz, on account of sickness, was unable to fill his appointments on the Methodist charge last Sunday. He narrowly escaped pneumonia. He expects to be at his several appointments next Sunday as scheduled in this issue.

J. C. Hosterman, one of the editors of the Millheim Journal, who had been in poor health during the past few months, became seriously ill ten days ago, and his condition is alarming. He is suffering from ulcers of the bowels. It is the Reporter's most sincere wish that his recovery will be speedy.

The Pennsylvania State Grange in session at Clearfield is being attended by these members of the order from Centre county: Hon. Leonard Rhone, Miss Florence Rhone, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Bradford, Dr. H. F. Bitner, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Durst, of Centre Hall; Joseph K. Bitner, Mr. and Mrs. Corman, Spring Mills; Mr. and Mrs. Luther Dale, Bellefonte.

A valuable tract of timber land located near Loganton and owned by Emanuel Dress was recently sold to Glass & Co., who are erecting a portable mill on it. The timber is mostly original yellow pine, and the price said to have been paid was $3500 Mr. Glass, the manager, is a native of Montgomery, and has had large experience in lumbering.

Miss Helen Bartholomew, Miss Orpha Gramley, Charles D. Bartholomew, William F. Keller and the writer for a few hours on Thursday evening were in Millheim. The trip was made in Bartholomew's auto, with Miss Bartholomew at the wheel. Millheim merchants were found preparing for the Christmas trade, which they anticipate to eclipse last year's business.

Rebersburg.

Miss Flossie Luse is spending this week at Coburn.

Mrs. M. Gilbert visited several days this week among friends at Wolfs Store.

Scott Stover has returned home after spending a week at State College on business.

Daniel Gramley, of Pittsburg, is at present visiting among his many friends in this vicinity.

Bruce Weber tenant on the Thaddeus Stover farm at Smullton has rented the J. B. Kreamer farm and will move there this spring.

Miss Jesse Waite, daughter of George Waite, left for Illinois, where she will become the bride of Mr. Whitman, son of Rev. Whitman, a former pastor of the Lutheran charge, at this place.

One day last week while Charles Bierly was dragging logs down from the mountain, his horse while standing alone took fright and started off at a break neck speed over logs, brush, and rocks, and when caught it was found that the animal had broken its leg and otherwise seriously injured itself and had to be shot. This is a loss to Mr. Bierly as the animal was a valuable one.

Woodward.

Misses Lida and Bertha Hosterman were to Millheim Saturday evening.

Mrs. Dr. Ard is visiting her children in Philadelphia and Paulsboro, N. J., this week.

Oliver Hosterman, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting his parents, C. W. Hostermans.

L. L. Weaver and family, Mrs. Orndorf and Mrs. Slifer, were to Coburn Saturday.

Mrs. Decker and children, of Millheim, spent a few days last week visiting with her sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stover, and daughter, Miss Helen, of Aaronsburg, spent the Sabbath with their son, Harry.

Mr. and Mrs. Boger and daughter, Miss Sabra, of Mifflinburg, visited at the home of C. W. Hosterman several days last week.

Miss Linora Guisewite and friend, Virgil Kennedy, of Harrisburg, spent the greater part of last week with her mother, Mrs. Daniel Stover.

He Minded a Little Bit.

Hans Christian Andersen, the gentle fabulist, often displayed the caprices of a lovable and sensitive child, whose floods of sunshine are followed by deluges of rain. George Brandes, the Danish critic, told this story of the soft hearted fairy tale writer:

"Andersen was a child of the people and never, even in his old age, did he lose his wonderful childlike simplicity which, if it threw the glamour of fairyland over his creations, was nevertheless not without its amusing side.

"He was peculiarly sensitive to criticism of any kind. One day in a cafe a friend noticed that he was reading intently a spiteful criticism of his work written by an unknown scribbler in a newspaper of no account and said to him:

"'Surely you don't mind what a newspaper like that may say about you?'

"Anderson looked up, and the friend saw that tears were rolling down his cheeks.

"'Yes,' he said, hesitatingly, 'I do mind—just a little.'"

The Artist's Need.

"Do you know what is the great essential to the artist—to whoever creates? The sense of privacy, the power to isolate his own genius from everything in the world, to be absolutely concentrated. To create we must be alone, have strange, unuttered thoughts, just as in the realms of the soul every human being must have moments of complete isolation—thoughts, reveries, moods, that cannot be shared with even those we love best. You understand that?"

"Yes, I do."

"At the bottom we human beings come and depart absolutely alone. Friendship, love, all that we instinctively seek to rid ourselves of, this awful solitude of the soul, avail nothing. Well, what others shrink from the artist must seek."—Owen Johnson in Century Magazine.

Bismarck's Prophetic Pipe.

Prince Bismarck was a great pipe collector, and the gem of his collection had a curious history. Many years ago Bismarck was accosted by a peddler and asked to buy a plain meerschaum pipe of the type that he most affected. At first he declined, but the peddler claimed for the pipe a power of forecast and told him he would serve three emperors as minister and that three important changes in life would be foretold by accidents befalling the pipe. Laughing, Bismarck bought the pipe. He served three emperors, and two days before the historic occasion when he was refused an audience the stem of the pipe fell to pieces. Later he chipped a piece from the side of the bowl accidentally, and within a month his practical dismissal by the emperor occurred.

Odd Tips For Lottery.

Stranger tips for choosing lottery numbers have been given than even communications from a deceased aunt. Grant Duff had from Lord Houghton the following in connection with the death of Sir William Stirling-Maxwell in 1878: "When he arrived at Venice on his last journey the hotel keeper, seeing his arrive alone, gave him an indifferent room, No. 16. When he became ill he was transferred to a better one, No. 8, and, when he became very ill, to the best the man had at his disposal, No. 4. After he died the servants took the numbers 16, 8, 4, added 50, the number which stands, as it appears, for death in the lottery language, and playing on them won 30,000 francs."—London Standard.

An Explanation.

The steamboat came splashing along her course at full speed, and the first thing the passengers knew had crashed head on into the pier.

"Mercy!" cried a passenger as the bow crashed and the splinters flew. "I wonder what is the matter?"

"Nothin'," said Pat, one of the deck hands—"nothin', ma'am. It looks to me as if the captain just forgot that we shtop here."—Harper's.

Old English Elections.

As an illustration of the violence that was once common during political campaigns in England is a quaint bill from a lawyer after an election at Andover in 1768: "To being thrown out of the George inn, Andover, to my legs being thereby broken, to surgeon's bill and loss of time and business, £500."

Knew His Business.

Willie—Say, pa, you ought to see the men across the street raise a building on jacks. Pa (absently)—Impossible, Willie, you can open on jacks, but a man is a fool to try to raise on the—er—I mean it must have been quite a sight.—Exchange.

Hopeful.

Pessimistic Wife (weeping)—And that cook promised to come today without fail. Optimistic Husband—Cheer up, my love! It still wants ten minutes of midnight.—New York Times.

The Way He Put It.

She (after a tiff)—You will admit you were wrong? He (a young lawyer)—No, but I'll admit that an unintentional error might have unknowingly crept into my assertion.

His Snore.

Hub (angrily)—Here! What do you mean by waking me out of a sound sleep? Wife—Because the sound was too distressing.—Boston Transcript.

Wants His Money.

Visitor—What lovely furniture! Little Tommy—Yes, I think the man we bought it from is sorry now he sold it. Anyhow, he's always calling.

Centre Reporter $1 per year in advance.

Getting Round It.

She (complainingly)—Before we were married you used to bring me flowers almost every day, but now you never think of buying me even a bunch of violets. He (gallantly)—The pretty flower girls don't attract my attention so much as they used to. She—Oh, you darling! Never mind, I don't really care for flowers anyway.—New York Journal.

Not Murder.

Curran was one day walking with a friend, who, hearing a person say "curosity" for "curiosity," exclaimed, "How that man murders the English language!"

"Not so bad as that," replied Curran. "He has only knocked an 'i' out."

A Diplomat.

The Child—Mother, which had I better do, go to school in the rain and get soaking wet and probably catch cold and die or just simply get an absent mark against my name?—Exchange.

His Name Is Legion.

"What an exceedingly strenuous player he is!"

"Oh, yes. Bob's a deuced hard worker when he's not working!"—Puck.

The place to buy your Xmas Gifts

Dolls, Books, Games for the little folks.

Table Linen, Napkins, Towel and Guest Towels. All fine linen; some embroidered, some plain.

Cottage Sets consisting of 1 bed spread, 2 pillow shams, 1 scarf.

Doilies and Center Pieces.

Ladies' Ties; in fancy boxes.

Hose and Ties to match, Fancy Suspenders. All ready to give to your men friends.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin

Convenient Transportation Facilities

The Pennsylvania Railroad, by main lines, branches, subsidiary lines, and connections, covers the Eastern country so completely that the people of almost every community may avail themselves of its facilities.

The lines reach the cities, the big towns and the little towns, so that whether the impulse to travel be for business, pleasure, or social purposes, it may be satisfactorily carried out, as far as transportation facilities are concerned, by taking a Pennsylvania Railroad train at the nearest point.

Through cars are operated over the lines between all important centers of population, and an excellent dining car service is available at the usual hours for meals on the through trains. The all-steel equipment of the trains adds greatly to the security and comfort of passengers.

The spirit of the holiday season stimulates the wish to travel, and the facilities of the Pennsylvania Railroad and its connections appeal with equal force to the home-coming youg folks and the migrating people of maturer years.

The comprehensive train service, apart from the local trains well known in each community, covers a wide extent of territory.

BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE WEST.

There are splendid limited trains between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Harrisburg, Altoona, Pittsburgh, and other points in the West, notably Chicago and St. Louis. Included among these are the "BROADWAY LIMITED," the 20-hour train between New York and Chicago; the "24-HOUR ST. LOUIS," to St. Louis and Chicago; "THE PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED," to Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland and Cincinnati; and the "CHICAGO LIMITED," to Chicago, Cincinnati, and Cleveland. These are all-Pullman trains and provide the highest grade of service. In addition there are a number of express trains to Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, and other important centers of the Middle West, which provide both Pullman and all-steel coach service. Among these are the "Chicago Special," "Chicago Express," "St. Louis Express," "Western Express," and the "Cleveland, Cincinnati, and Chicago Express."

TO THE SOUTH.

Those contemplating a trip South, to the resorts of the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, aud the Gulf Coast, will find a number of fine trains between the important cities of the Pennsylvania Railroad; and cars to the more important cities of the South, running through from and to New York via Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. On January 6, 1913, the through Limited Trains between New York and Florida and will be placed in service.

COMMERCIAL CENTERS LINKED.

An examination of the time tables of the Pennsylvania Railroad will show that practically all important commercial centers on its lines and connections are linked by through trains, through cars, or convenient connections, affording accommodating service.

Anyone who wishes to go anywhere should consult the nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He can give all the information a traveler requires.